

**Weather**  
Probably unsettled today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 82.9 and the minimum 71.3, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 82.3 and 73.7.

# THE CHINA PRESS

報 陸 大

A Live Newspaper Devoted  
to Progress in China

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SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, JULY 8, 1919

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## BRITISH AIRSHIP STARTS ON FLIGHT TO NEW YORK CITY

Giant Craft Sets Out From  
Scotland With 30  
On Board

OFF IN THICK FOG  
First Reports Received  
Tell Of 430 Miles  
Covered Safely

ON LONGER ROUTE  
Large Landing Ground  
Built On Long Island  
By U.S. Navy

(Reuter's Service)  
London, July 2.—The airship R34 left Scotland for America this morning at 1:48 a.m.  
The Air Ministry announces that up to one o'clock this afternoon the airship R34 had covered 430 nautical miles out of the 3,100 to New York at an average speed of 42 knots. A thick fog prevails. All are well on board.  
Later.—The R34 carries 30 people in its historic flight. The commander is Major G. H. Scott. There are seven other officers on board and also Brigadier E. M. Maitland, senior officer of the Airship Department at the Admiralty, who travels as an Admiral does in his flagship, and Lieut.-Commander Lansdowne, of the American navy, who is traveling as a passenger. The remainder of the crew on board consist of non-com. and air force men.  
The airship is 339 feet long and 80 feet wide, lifts 30 tons, carries 5,000 gallons of petrol, is fitted with five Maori engines and has five days' generous food supply on board.  
The journey from East Fortune to Hazelhurst (L. I.), New York, where the American navy has arranged a large landing-ground for the R34, is 1,500 miles longer than the aeroplane route from Newfoundland.

## FRENCH FLYER FALLS IN EGYPTIAN DESERT

Neither Aviator Nor Passenger  
Hurt But Plane Is  
Smashed

(Reuter's Service)  
Paris, June 30.—Lieutenant Lemaitre, flying from Paris to Dakar across the Sahara, crashed 400 miles from Dakar. Lieutenant Lemaitre and his passenger were not hurt but the machine was smashed.

## GERMANY OFFERED BAIT TO JAPAN TO QUIT ALLIES

Made Several Efforts, Notably  
In 1917, To Win Nippon's  
Support

(Reuter's Service)  
Paris, July 1.—With regard to the recent discredited rumor of a secret treaty between Germany and Japan, it is authoritatively stated that Germany during the war made several very tempting offers to Japan to change sides, perhaps the most important of them being the one made in 1917, when Germany offered Japan a free hand in the Dutch colonies, including Java and Sumatra. The British Government, learning this, communicated it to the Dutch Government. These offers received no consideration by the Japanese Government.  
Japan Denies Pact Was Made  
Paris, July 1.—A categorical denial has been issued by the Japanese Delegation for the extraordinary report that Japan and Germany had arranged a secret alliance, eventually to include Russia, only the overthrow of the Hohenzollern Government preventing signature. The Delegation adds the report originated with the German propaganda department and the public in the Allied and Associated countries is to such a story.

## Bolshevik Troops Force Koltchak Army To Retire And Are Close To Perm

Cross Kama River And Are Two Days From Strategic  
City; Omsk Government Soldiers Offer  
Little Resistance

(Reuter's Service)  
London, July 1.—Reuter's Agency learns that the Bolsheviks continue to advance on the Eastern front. They are now a two days' march from Perm, and have crossed the Kama river.  
Admiral Koltchak's retreat continues without much fighting.  
London, June 30.—A Bolshevik official message admits that they have been compelled to abandon Kharkoff.  
Copenhagen, July 1.—A message from Helsingfors states that officers who have escaped from Petrograd declare that the Bolsheviks recently arrested 800 persons and subsequently slaughtered them with machine guns at the Peter and Paul Fortress. The bodies were thrown into the Neva. The total number arrested was over 18,000 which, it is reported, include all foreigners. The famine stricken population is desperate. The interruptions of the anti-Soviet operations against the city has filled them with dismay.  
Germans Beaten On East  
Copenhagen, June 30.—The Lettish press bureau states that the German Baltic Landwehr suffered three defeats by the Estonian and Lettish troops last week and have been practically destroyed. The Lettish troops have reached Jaegle, nine miles from Riga. The Germans are evacuating Riga, where the Neer Ministry has been dissolved and the Minister of War arrested. Neer fled to Libau, where he was arrested but escaped and took refuge with some Imperial German troops encamped six miles from Libau.  
Berlin, July 1.—The concentric advance of Lettish detachments from the North and the Lithuanian army from the South on Dvinsk, which is in the hands of the Bolsheviks, is progressing. Contingents have already met west of the town.  
Copenhagen, July 1.—A Lettish official communique from Libau states that General von Der Goltz has entirely thrown off the mask. The Neer Government has fled and he is openly at war with the Imperial German forces. He has established martial law at Riga and proclaimed himself Governor General.  
Madaya Gora, June 28.—The Russo-Serbian forces have advanced seven miles in the Shunga district and occupied Unitza, nine miles southeast of Kapselga. The Bolsheviks have destroyed an important railway bridge over the Unitza River, which will greatly impede the advance of the Allied forces.

## CHINESE STILL TAKE PART IN CONFERENCE ACTIVITIES

Delegates In Paris Participate  
In Proceedings Despite Re-  
fusal To Sign Treaty

(Reuter's Service)  
Paris, June 30.—Despite their refusal to sign the Treaty, the Chinese delegates continue to participate in the proceedings of the Peace Conference. The delegation is now awaiting instructions from Peking. It is stated in the Conference circles that it is still possible for the Chinese to sign if they desire.

## LANCASHIRE SPINNERS REMAIN OUT ON STRIKE

Disagreement Between Unions  
Over Jurisdiction Is Apparent  
Cause

(Reuter's Service)  
London, July 1.—An extraordinary situation has arisen in Lancashire owing to the refusal of the Operative Spinners' Amalgamation to resume work yesterday contrary to the decision of the Council of United Textile Workers. Consequently 40 million spindles are idle.  
The spinners object to the new agreement being fixed for 18 months. There were disturbances at Burnley yesterday evening. Windows were smashed and in some cases bands forced an entrance into the factories, intimidated the workers and removed the shuttles. Several of the factories are being specially protected by the police.  
Serious Riots Occur  
London, July 2.—The cotton riots have spread to Ashton-under-Lyne, Staleybridge and Dunkinfield. Large crowds, mostly women and girls, were parading the streets yesterday smashing hundreds of windows. Tens of thousands of workpeople are idle and a general lockout of cotton-hands is threatened.

## OLD JOHN BARLEYCORN GOT ELABORATE FUNERAL

Many Violations Planned To  
Enable Tests To Be Made  
In Courts

(Reuter's Service)  
New York, June 30.—Although the Federal Officials have announced that the war-time prohibition measures will be strictly enforced from midnight, violation is openly threatened in New York and other cities to enable test cases to be taken into the courts. Elaborate obsequies for alcohol have been arranged in many hotels, restaurants and clubs tonight.

## Wilson Celebrates Fourth Aboard Ship

Steamer George Washington  
Expected To Reach Port  
Today

(French Wireless To Reuter)  
Paris, July 6.—(via Lyons and Koukaza).—A message from New York says that, according to information received from the U.S. George Washington, that vessel has moderated its speed to 15 knots an hour and therefore the President is not expected to arrive before Tuesday.  
Independence Day was celebrated on board by services in the morning and by sports in the afternoon in which the President's suite and the soldiers on board participated.

## Garment Workers On Strike In Chicago

10,000 Quit Work On Demand  
Of Higher Wages And  
Shorter Hours

(Reuter's Service)  
Chicago, July 2.—Ten thousand garment workers have started a general strike, tying up the industry. They demand \$4.44 and a forty-hour week.

## Rear-Admiral Jackson Congratulates Victorious Crew Of NC-4



Victorious crew of NC-4 at Horta. Photograph of the victorious crew of the NC-4 taken at Horta, in the Azores, the first such picture to arrive here. The crew is being congratulated upon the success of its long flight by Rear-Admiral Jackson. From left to right: Lieutenant Hinto, Ensign Rodd, Lieutenant Breeze, Rear-Admiral Jackson (with back to camera), and Lieutenant-Commander Read.

## ADMIRAL LINE OFFICES WILL OPEN HERE SOON

Company Now Established At  
All Far East Ports; Mr. F. C.  
Charman To Be Local Agent

The Admiral Line will open offices in Shanghai on September first, it was announced last night by Mr. R. D. Pinneo, manager of the Foreign Department, who arrived here last Saturday accompanied by Mr. E. L. Matteson, secretary, and Mr. John J. Gorman, General Agent for the Orient. Mr. Gorman, who has been in charge of the company's interests in Hongkong, will make his headquarters here and Mr. Fred C. Charman, now Acting Agent of the China Mail Steamship Company, has been appointed Shanghai Agent.  
Mr. Charman, before joining the China Mail Steamship Company, was for several years in the employ of the Admiral Line, on the Pacific Coast and in Alaska.  
Offices have already been opened by the Admiral Line at Manila, Hongkong, Singapore, Kobe and Vladivostok. Mr. Matteson, who has accompanied Mr. Pinneo on his various investigations of the Orient, has been appointed the company's representative at Vladivostok. Mr. Matteson was formerly private secretary to Mr. A. F. Haines, Vice-President and General Manager of the Admiral Line at Seattle.

The Admiral Line is a consolidation of several steamship companies operating on the Pacific Coast of the United States. The Company now owns 27 ships which are operated on Pacific Coast routes. Thirty-five steamers have been assigned to the Line by the United States Shipping Board and are running on various routes out of Seattle and Portland. The Shipping Board has allotted the Company seven 10,000-ton steamers for operation between Seattle and Portland and the Far East.  
These ships will make regular calls at Japan ports, Shanghai, Hongkong and Manila. The Company also announces that a monthly service to Puget Sound and a six-week service to Portland will be maintained. The company plans to operate passenger ships on the Pacific at a later date.  
Mr. Pinneo leaves for Japan on the Empress of Russia next Saturday and will later return to Seattle after spending nearly a year investigating shipping and port conditions throughout the Far East.

## NEW COUNTER-REVOLT EXPECTED IN HUNGARY

Previous Effort To Oust  
Communists Was Made Premature-  
ly, Says Traveler

(Reuter's Service)  
Copenhagen, June 30.—A well known neutral from Budapest declares that the recent counter-revolution broke out prematurely owing to the work of Bela Kun's agents-provocateur. A right of terror followed its collapse and the terrorists dragged people from homes where the colors of the counter-revolutionaries were flown and slaughtered over 400. The Soviet, however, has only been saved for the time being as the hatred of the working classes must again blaze out against the Soviet and Bela Kun is only supported by the rabble.  
Copenhagen, July 1.—A message from Budapest states that in accordance with the Allies' instructions the Hungarian troops have begun to evacuate Czechoslovak territory.

## NEW CRUISER TO CHINA

(Reuter's Service)  
London, July 1.—The new light-cruiser Hawkins will be commissioned at Chatham on the 24th for service as flag-ship of the Commander-in-Chief of the China Station.

## Dempsey Champion, Defeating Willard In Three Rounds

(Reuter's Service)  
Toledo, Ohio, July 4.—Jack Dempsey has won the heavy-weight championship by defeating Jess Willard in three rounds.

Dempsey Has Strong Record  
Dempsey's speed and aggressiveness, relied on by his backers to win him the heavyweight boxing crown, evidently were the factors which put the giant Willard into the pugilistic discard.  
Willard entered the ring at Toledo with the advantage of some 40 to 50 pounds in weight, five or six inches in height and some inches in reach, and the fact that it took the challenger but three rounds to transfer the championship must have been a surprise even to his staunchest supporters. Willard has been an even more inactive champion than his predecessor, Jack Johnson, and since he won the title from Johnson at Havana on April 5, 1915, had figured in but one ring contest, a weak battle with Frank Moran.  
Dempsey on the other hand has been exceptionally active for a heavyweight fighter. During 1918 he fought fourteen battles, all except one of which he won by knockouts—and the knockouts usually came in the first round. His repertoire of engagements included practically all the so-called heavyweight timber in the ring and among the defeated were numbered Fred Fulton, Carl Morris, Jack Moran, Battling Levinsky and most of the Flynn, viz., Jim, Dan and Porky.

## Interpretation Given Of Triple Alliance To Defend France

Britain Bound To Fight Only  
If United States Does  
And Vice-Versa

(Reuter's Service)  
Paris, July 2.—Le Journal says that under the Anglo-Franco-American Treaty, Great Britain is bound to defend France only if the United States takes up arms and vice-versa. Intervention will occur if the articles of the Peace Treaty providing for the disarmament of the Rhineland are not sufficient to protect France.  
Paris, July 1.—It is pointed out that the Anglo-American Agreement promising support to France in the event of German aggression must be ratified by the Governments of Great Britain and America, after which it will be submitted to the Council of the League of Nations, which is expected to authorize the agreement. This ratification is designed to avoid the delays in consulting the Council should occasion arise for immediate action.

## Quake Kills Many In Northern Italy

120 Dead In One Town In  
Tuscany And 100  
Injured

(Reuter's Service)  
Rome, June 30.—An earthquake at Mugello Romagna, in Tuscany, has caused serious damage and loss of life, especially at Vecchio, where it is reported 120 persons were killed and 100 injured.

## POLAND GETS TREATY MAKING IT A STATE

Guaranties For Minorities Of  
Non-Polish Birth Or Race  
Are Insisted On

(Reuter's Service)  
Paris, June 30.—M. Clemenceau, in a letter to M. Paderevski transmitting the Polish Treaty for signature in connection with Article 63 of the German Treaty, points out that a fresh departure in negotiating with a newly-created state and quotes precedents for doing so.  
The new treaty differs in form from earlier conventions owing to the establishment of the League of Nations which have arisen. The Polish articles deal with the guarantees of full privileges of citizenship to all genuine residents in the territory transferred to Polish sovereignty and with provision of discrimination against Polish citizens differing by religion, language or race from the large mass of the population.  
The next article deals with minorities, such as Polish citizens of German origin.  
Two further clauses deal specifically with Jewish citizens in Poland, for whom special protection appears to be necessary.  
The economic clauses have been drafted with a view to facilitating the establishment of equitable commercial relations between Poland and the other Allies without securing any special advantages for the Allies as against other members of the League of Nations.  
M. Clemenceau expresses the sincere satisfaction of the Allies at the re-establishment of the independence of Poland and announces that the Treaty with Poland will be signed at the same time as the Treaty of Peace with Germany.

## BRITAIN WILL RELAX CENSORSHIP ON CABLES

Churchill Promises Early Relief  
For Restricted British  
Commerce

(Reuter's Service)  
London, July 1.—In the House of Commons today, during question time, Mr. Winston Churchill stated that the cable censorship would be relaxed very shortly. He emphasized that the Government is giving very earnest attention to this very urgent and very important question with a view to relieving the public and the commercial world of this impediment at the earliest possible date consistent with the safety of the country.

## GERMAN PRISONERS MAKE TROUBLE IN ENGLAND

Troops Have To Be Called To  
Quell Disturbance In  
Camp

(Reuter's Service)  
London, July 2.—Two thousand German prisoners at Oswestry, where the scuttlers of the German fleet at Scapa Flow are interned, on the pretext that they were dissatisfied with the food arrangements, approached the barbed wire fence and threatened the guards with sticks. 250 troops were called up and quelled the disturbance with fixed bayonets.

## AUSTRIAN TREATY NEARLY FINISHED; PRESENTED SOON

To Be Given Delegates  
Of Former Empire In  
Few Days

DELAY EXPECTED

Signature Will Require  
Much Time Owing To  
Expected Complaints

TAKE UP COLONIES

Commission On Mandates  
Was To Hold Meeting  
In London Yesterday

(French Wireless To Reuter)  
Paris, July 5.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—The completion of the Treaty with Austria was brought to St. Germain this week-end. The drawing up has been nearly finished. Time, however, is required to print the text and the Treaty cannot be handed to the Austrian delegation until the middle of next week.  
On Friday morning the Commission of the League of Nations sat under the presidency of M. Larenau. It indited a reply to the Austrian note concerning the League of Nations.

Jugo-Slav Delegates Received  
At the Presidency of the Council M. Clemenceau received this morning the delegation of the kingdoms of Serbia, Croatia and Slovenia, coming from Belgrade and composed of M. Stojan, the Premier; M. Priskovitch, Minister of Justice; M. Trumbitch, Ministers of Waterways and Forests, and M. Cratner, Minister in charge of the Preparation of Laws and the Constitution. The delegation set forth to M. Clemenceau the economic and financial situation of the kingdom. M. Clemenceau listened with much interest and attention to the statement made by the delegates and they carried away with them the best impressions concerning the interview.

Meeting On Colonies Monday  
Paris, July 6.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—M. Henry Simon, Minister for the Colonies, arrives in London today to confer with Lord Milner to conclude a definite agreement between France and Great Britain on the subject of the Cameroons and Togoland. M. Henry Simon will probably return to Paris next Monday.  
The Commission of Colonial Mandates will meet in London on Monday morning under the presidency of Lord Milner, the British Secretary of State for the Colonies. The other delegates, M. Henry Simon, the French Minister of Colonies, accompanied by his technical advisers, and Senator Marconi, the Italian plenipotentiary, left Paris today by the mid-day train from the Gare du Nord.  
Marshal Petain has been received at the Academy of Moral and Political Sciences.  
The swords of honor offered by the City of Paris to Marshals Joffre, Foch and Petain will be presented to them on July 13 at the Palace de l'Hotel de Ville.  
Some delegations of important natives of Morocco have left Casablanca to assist in the Fete of Victory in Paris on July 14.

To Hasten Treaty's Enforcement  
(Reuter's Service)  
Paris, July 1.—Le Journal states that in order to hasten the date of operation of the Treaty of Peace, as soon as the Treaty has been ratified by Germany and any three of the Great Powers, the latter will appoint delegates to declare at a meeting in Paris that the Treaty is regularly confirmed, whereupon the terms of peace will be immediately enforced.  
The Allied admirals, including Rear-Admiral Sir Lionel Halsey, are conferring regarding the disposal of the remaining German warships. All the Great Powers—with the exception of France, which desires their distribution—are in favor of breaking up the vessels. The question of destruction will assume a more acute form when the handing over of the remaining warships of the first dreadnaught type, now in Germany, comes up 60 days from



the date of the signature of the Treaty of Peace.

The signature of the Austrian terms of peace is likely to be considerably delayed owing to the consideration of the numerous Austrian notes and the completion of the reparation and military clauses.

#### France-British Pact On Colonies

Paris, July 1.—The Franco-British Agreement with regard to the Cameroons and Togoland, which has been drawn up by Lord Milner and M. Simon, will be submitted to the League of Nations for ratification.

It gives France four-fifths of the Cameroons, including the capital, Douala, and the whole of the existing lines, and also the M'baohou and Atakpame railways in Togoland.

France, in exchange, cedes the important district to the north, the tribes of which are naturally attached to the British Gold Coast. While conforming to the interests of the natives, this partition has, from the French point of view, the advantage of giving Dahomey an important outlet to the sea.

#### New Body In Charge

Paris, June 30.—It is not the Council of Ten but the Council of Five which will carry on the work of the Conference and of making treaties with Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey, namely, M. Clemenceau, Mr. Lansing, Mr. A. J. Balfour, Signor Titttoni and Baron Makino.

Paris, June 30.—The Council of Four having dissolved, the Council of Ten reappears to undertake the solution of all the unfinished problems of the Peace Conference and also to superintend the fulfilment of the Treaty of Peace signed at Versailles.

Before definitely separating, the Council of Four announced that it has reached a definite decision regarding the financial and economic clauses to be inserted in the Peace Treaty with Austria.

Paris, July 1.—The announcement was premature that the Council of Four was to become the Council of Ten. It will be a Council of Five or Four. Mr. Lansing, M. Pichon, Mr. A. J. Balfour and Signor Titttoni meet today to settle the point.

M. Pichon replaces M. Clemenceau over the Council of Five, over which he presides. The Council tomorrow will hear the views of the Rumanian Delegates and M. Maklakoff, the Russian Ambassador in Paris, regarding the vexed question of Bessarabia.

#### Montenegro Makes Protest

Montenegro has formally protested to the Allies concerning the refusal to permit her representation at the peace negotiations with Germany.

#### Turk Delegation Leaving

The Turkish delegation was leaving Paris on July 2. They were permitted to remain a few days to see Paris and will probably be recalled later.

The Council of Four, comprising Mr. A. J. Balfour, Secretary of State, Mr. Pichon, Signor Titttoni, is holding a meeting today to decide the future proceedings and the general program of the Conference.

Berne, June 28.—Rumania has informed the Peace Conference that she is unable to withdraw the troops to the line of demarcation so long as she has no guarantee that Hungary will carry out her engagements.

The Municipality honored the Peace Delegates today amid brilliant scenes at the Hotel de Ville. President Poincaré was present.

### BRITISH OFFICERS REPORT ON GERMAN CONDITIONS

Say Their Investigations In Silesia Prove Need Of Early Relief

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 1.—The reports of the British officers on the economic conditions prevailing in Germany have been issued as a White Paper.

Describing their visit to Silesia in April these officers report that Germany possesses a sound case for claiming early relief. There is a genuine shortage of staple foodstuffs, the health of the population has suffered seriously during the last three years and the stage has been reached when the working classes are no longer to be trusted to keep the peace.

Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, interviewed, repeated the statement he made at a secret Cabinet meeting in January that Bolshevism is the only subject over which Germany and the Entente can possibly meet at the conference table and act jointly in the interests of all.

Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau said he was prepared to go to any length to convince England, France and America of his bona-fides.

What knowledge he had he would readily disclose if by that means the peril of Bolshevism could be better understood and combated. He did not consider the situation beyond repair.

#### Conditions At Breslau Shocking

The British officers visited Breslau, where they were shocked at the conditions in the poor quarters. The soup kitchens brew a soup made of spinach for babies from three weeks to three years old. The sight of babies sucking spinach-soup from bottles in place of milk was distressing. The average weight of a baby at birth was four pounds and

charts showed that babies at the end of the third year weighed little more than at the end of the first.

Berlin gave no evidence of amelioration of food conditions compared with January. There was an increasing tendency among the people to give way to despair. The impression was gained that Berlin was totally corrupted.

Regarding Silesia, the officers conclude it is a wonderful little province which fought hard through the war and since the armistice to keep out evil influences. The people are order-loving, hard-working and morally sound. Today Silesia only asks for peace and fresh air, involving freedom from Polish and Czech threats of invasion and independence from Berlin. It will not tolerate further loss of territory, especially in the neighborhood of the coal-fields about Katowitz and Waldenburg.

Silesia is better placed than any other province in Germany. Apart from food and coal resources it possesses a good army. It longs for independence, feeling that it is unable to trust Berlin henceforth. The officers are convinced that any program of annexation either in Glatz, Glatz or in Waldenburg is only calculated to drive the population to Bolshevism. The whole population up to the frontier is pure German and should be allowed to remain so.

#### American Attitude Criticized

Reporting on his visit to Berlin, East and West Prussia and Courland, Major Bertie states that the Allied policy of an economic boycott is likely to prove a complete failure as the United States is not prepared to co-operate in this connection and is at present engaged in various schemes for the capture of Germany's trade for themselves as soon as the blockade is raised.

The official German inland water transport declared that an American Chamber of Commerce has been founded in Berlin for the revival of trade between Germany and the United States. It is stated Italy also is about to resume trade relations with Germany.

The Bolshevism in Bavaria is a serious movement organized by non-Bavarians, both Russian and Prussian, and fanned by irreconcilable Pan-Germans and is dangerous because the Bavarian troops are infected.

The report declares that the officers are not able to judge whether Bolshevism can be checked but very prompt action on the part of the Entente is indispensable.

With regard to the visit to Munich, the report states that even the old aristocracy are convinced of the hopelessness of the Monarchist cause and it is felt that Bavaria must begin anew. The fear of Russianism is greater than the fear of Prussianism and the national Bavarian feeling is strongest. There is little feeling of solidarity with the Russia, terrorists and the Prussian Spartacists even amongst the very radical armed workmen who, during the visit, controlled the situation.

#### Ovation For Clemenceau

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 1.—M. Clemenceau received a great ovation in the Chamber of Deputies today when he introduced the bill for the ratification of the Peace Treaty. He said France will carry out the work of peace as she waged war, without flinching. A general peace would be a deceitful mirage unless France was prepared to make internal peace the foundation of external peace, social union remaining the foundation of the country.

24322 J. 11

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11. Interest at 6 per cent. is paid on 12 months fixed deposits in silver.
12. Savings accounts may be opened for \$1.00 or more.
13. Checking accounts may be opened for \$100.00 or more.
14. Monthly statements are rendered and cancelled checks returned.

### HOMELANDS OF SOME OF OUR DEPOSITORS

America, Australia, Belgium, Canada, China, Denmark, England, Finland, France, Greece, Holland, India, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Jerusalem, Norway, Persia, Poland, Portugal, Roumania, Russia, Scotland, Siberia, Spain, Straits Settlements, Sweden, Switzerland, Wales.

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## Britain's Revenue Shows Big Increase

Figures For June Quarter Give Gain Of £50,000,000

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 1.—The Revenue of the United Kingdom for the quarter which ended on June 30 totalled £185,798,762, as compared with £155,768,320 for the same quarter last year.

## HAIG IS SCATHING ON SYSTEM OF PENSIONS

British Commander Says Present System Leaves Disabled Officers Starving

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 1.—Giving evidence before the Committee of Inquiry on Pensions Administration, Sir Douglas Haig scathingly denounced the present system providing for sufferers in the war. He declared that many disabled officers were absolutely starving and soldiers' families were living in abject poverty. He urged a more generous state of provision for such sufferers, including at flat rate of at least £2.0.0 weekly for the totally disabled men.

## GREEK TROOPS AMBUSHED AND CUT UP BY TURKS

Are Supposed To Have Gone Outside Limits Of Occupation Set By Allies

(Reuter's Service)

Constantinople, June 24.—A Greek battalion has been ambushed, badly cut up, and forced to retire by the Turks in the region of Bergama, which is outside the limits the Council of Four assigned to the Greek occupation.

The instructions from the Paris Council have now been repeated and the Porte has been officially informed that the Greek occupation is confined to Iadjan, Smyrna, Kaza and Aivali.

## FRENCH PRESS REJOICES

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, June 30.—At the banquet of the Association of the Departmental Republican Press, President Poincaré said that his counsel was that victorious France should take confidence definitely in herself and develop the forces of labor and journalists must be good peace workers.

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## 25,000 BOLSHEVIK TROOPS MASSED AGAINST FINLAND

Large Force Being Concentrated For Projected Offensive, Helsingfors Says

(Reuter's Service)

Helsingfors, June 30.—The Finnish General Staff now reports that 14 Bolshevist ships, including cruisers, participated in the attack on their headquarters.

The shore batteries sank one ship but were silenced after an hour's bombardment. The fighting on land continues.

The Finnish press states that 25,000 Bolshevist troops are concentrating against the Finnish frontier and the Bolshevists, landing at Lake Ladoga forms part of a projected offensive against Finland. The landing is forcing the entire Olenetz expedition to retire.

## Alsace And Lorraine Voice Their Gratitude

(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, July 5.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). The Association of Alsacians and Lorrainers in Paris have just had printed and forwarded to the Premier the following address, which received more than 30,000 signatures:

"On the morrow of the deliverance and the liberation of their country, the inhabitants of Alsace and Lorraine, united by the outburst of patriotic faith, address to the great Frenchman, Georges Clemenceau, President of the Council, who was a deputy of the National Assembly of Bordeaux at the time of the annexation of Alsace-Lorraine by Germany and who, in her days of peril, thanks to his indomitable energy, was enabled to save France, the deep homage of their devotion and their respectful gratitude."

## President Of Brazil Sails From New York

(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, July 5.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—A message from Washington says that the President of Brazil, Senhor E. Pessoa, left New York today. Mr. Joseph Daniels, the Secretary of the Navy, has given orders to the commander of the new super-dreadnaught which is ready to put to sea.

## BEAVER BOARD For Better Walls and Ceilings

Quickly applied without dirt or litter. Nail either to studding in new work or right over the old walls when remodeling.

Pure wood fibre throughout, chemically treated for rigidity, strength and permanence. Heat, cold and sound retarding.

Only wallboard moisture-proofed front and back by patented "Sealtite" process—no priming coat needed, saving money in decorating. Beaver Board has an unexcelled surface for painting.

Sizes: 32" and 48" widths and in lengths of 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14 and 16 feet.



You can't expect Beaver Board results unless the trade mark is on the back of the board you buy.

### USES

Homes, Billiard Rooms, Reconstruction, Offices, Bungalows, Store Ceilings, Stores, Garages, Display Windows, Factories, Attics, Partitions, Clubs, Theatres, Beamed Ceilings, Restaurants, Sleeping Porches, Wainscots, Public Halls, Mission Hall, Craft Work.

### STOCK CARRIED BY

AMERICAN TRADING CO. SHANGHAI.

## TELEPHONE

# WEST 189 FORD HIRE SERVICE

77 ROUTE VALLON

## Chinese In Pakhoi To Boycott Japanese

Chamber Of Commerce Organises To Put Campaign Into Effect

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, July 5.—The Canton correspondent of the Morning Post states that the Chinese Chamber of Commerce at Pakhoi has passed the following resolutions:

- (1) That the boycott of Japanese goods be vigorously carried out and the importation of Japanese articles stopped.
- (2) That an investigation Commission be appointed for the purpose of ascertaining and determining goods of Japanese manufacture.
- (3) That a Propaganda Bureau be established and delegates appointed to preach the propaganda in various districts.

## Egyptians Are Fined For Riot Damages

Authorities Assess Various Districts For Destruction Of Government Property

(Reuter's Service)

Cairo, June 25.—The military authorities have imposed fines totaling £19,462 upon various districts for damaging railways and other Government property in the recent riots.



I see that these China Realty ads are still running in The China Press. What do you think of the proposition?

"I think the idea is fundamentally sound, old man. I myself have bought two or three plots as a spec."

"You see, Shanghai is growing at such a tremendous rate that more and more land is required for industrial, commercial and domestic purposes."

"That being the case, it is obvious to anybody that if you buy land now and hold it for a year or two, you are absolutely certain of a large profit."

Our specialty is land for any purpose and in any locality. Call in and see us.

## CHINA REALTY CO., LTD.

REAL ESTATE—ARCHITECTS—INSURANCE  
Corner of Nanking and Kiangse Roads.



## "Green Bicycle" Brand

ROLLER FLOUR  
(green label)

The Highest Grade Flour milled in Shanghai. Manufactured under the supervision of an American Miller.

### Cheaper

than any kind of imported flour

### Quality

equal to the best imported flour

Ask for "GREEN LABEL"

## Fou Foong Flour Mill Co.

### HEAD OFFICE

57 Peking Road: Phone, Central 154

We are doing both wholesale and retail business, and will send goods to destination ordered.

### AGENCIES:

Ting Sheng Rice Shop, Broadway.

Heng Sheng Rice Shop, French Concession.

## "Kavkas Mercury & Vostochnoe" Ltd.

WAREHOUSING, INSURANCE AND TRANSPORT OF GOODS WITH ADVANCES.

Established 1840.

### HEAD OFFICE N PETROGRAD

FOREMOST Russian Steamship Company. Owners of over 300 Cargo and Passenger steamers, plying on the Vola, Kama, Oka, Kura and Caspian Sea.

Inclusive through transport rates quoted and through Bills of Lading issued to all parts of the world.

SPECIAL FACILITIES GRANTED FOR SHIPMENTS TO AND FROM RUSSIA: Marine and War Insurance risk covered on first class policies at lowest current rates.

Charges and Invoices collected through our Branches and Agencies. BRANCH OFFICES AND WAREHOUSES IN ALL RUSSIAN TOWNS OF IMPORTANCE. Also in Great Britain, France, Italy and United States of America.

M. A. MORDUCOVITCH, Manager

Telephone No. 1478.

The Bund.



## Negotiations Over Tibet Date Back Before War

Merely Settlement Of Question Pending Since War  
Caused Subject To Be Dropped

(From Our Own Correspondent).  
Peking, July 3.—Discussions of an informal character are proceeding in Peking between the Chinese Foreign Office and the British Legation concerning the Tibetan question, a settlement of which is expected this summer. Since the temporary truce, negotiated through the British agent between the Chinese and Tibetan armed forces on the frontier, in August, 1918, quiet has prevailed generally throughout Tibet by a maintenance of the status quo in the occupation of debated territory by Chinese and Tibetan troops. It is felt that at the time of general re-organization of treaty relations throughout the world and settlement of frontier questions, a permanent agreement should be made between the three parties concerned in Tibetan affairs, Great Britain, Tibet and China, for the definite settlement of the sphere of Tibetan occupation, Chinese suzerainty and British treaty relations.

Accordingly, the Chinese government recently invited the British government to resume the negotiations broken off in India in 1914 and made proposals for a settlement on what is understood to be a reasonable basis. These proposals were sent by the British Legation to their Home Office and to the Indian Office whence they will be communicated to Lhasa.

### Embodiment Results Of Previous Conference

It is understood that this proposal embodies the main points in the convention drawn up by the tripartite conference held in India in 1913-4, which was initiated at the time by all concerned, along with some additional concessions on the part of the Chinese government caused by the developments in the western border provinces since that time. The draft treaty of 1914 acknowledged the suzerainty of China over Tibet, but denied the right of China to send troops or officials into Tibet other than a resident with a suitable guard; denied the right of Great Britain to interfere with the internal affairs of Tibet; and reaffirmed the trade provisions of previous treaties. The document was satisfactory to all the delegates but was not ratified by China, not because of the conditions mentioned but because she would not agree to the boundaries of autonomous Tibet as claimed by the Tibetans. The negotiations were therefore postponed on account of the European war; the Chinese government assuring the British that the Chinese would not advance against the Tibetans unless first attacked by them.

Needless to say the Chinese have not kept to this promise, as reports of disturbances in 1917-8 go to show. Their failure has been, however, not on account of infidelity, but because the central government clearly is unable to control the acts of its representatives on the far western borders. In the summer of 1918 the Chinese forces of the Chamdo and Batang governors who had wilfully invaded Tibetan territory had reached such a pass of disorganization that they appealed to the British agent, who had visited the frontier for the purpose of bringing about a reconciliation, if possible, to mediate. The temporary armistice before mentioned was therefore concluded in August and has been in force ever since.

### False Rumors Circulated

A clear statement of the facts in the case is necessary and desirable to all concerned in view of the allegations which have appeared in

the native Chinese press and in Japanese newspapers of arbitrary claims and undue interference on the part of the British government regarding Tibetan affairs. It will be seen that in the present instance as in the previous cases of 1913 and 1918 the British government has merely acted in the capacity of a mediator whose interests are deeply concerned with those of Tibet in view of the frontier and trade relations with the borderland of the British Empire in India. Great Britain established relations with Tibet independently of China, which were duly recognised by China in the Convention of 1906. The only aim of the British Government in taking part in the negotiations is to restore peace and a definition of sovereignty between states with both of which she maintains close friendly relations.

The preceding account of Tibetan affairs corresponds to the explanation of the matter made at the British Legation here. Every effort should be made to contradict reports of underhanded or overbearing acts of Great Britain in Tibet. Mr. Teichman of the British Legation who was the British agent who arranged the suspension of warfare on the Tibetan front last year had an interview with the secretary of Mr. Chen Lu, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, yesterday. No report of the results of the interview are obtainable but it is supposed that the British Legation has inquired of the Foreign Office as to whether the present unsettled state of the Peking Cabinet and Chinese Foreign Affairs in general will affect the endorsement of the memorandum on Tibetan negotiations recently referred from Peking.

### FRANCE TO KEEP CHECK ON ALIEN RESIDENTS

Two Bills Presented To Deputies  
Provide Compulsory Cards  
Of Identification

(Reuter's Service)  
Paris, June 30.—Two bills relating to foreigners have just been placed before the French Parliament for a complete overhauling of the legislation affecting aliens. Passports will not be required but permanent residents must have cards of identity.

### CHEN LU ON LEAVE

(Reuter's Pacific Service)  
Peking, July 6.—Mr. Chen Lu, the Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs, has been granted ten days' leave and Chang Tsu-chen has been appointed to take charge of the Ministry during his absence.

PHONE WEST 189

FORD HIRE SERVICE

77 ROUTE VALLON

### News Brevities

The Canadian Pacific Ocean Services liner *Monteagle*, with passengers and mail from Vancouver, is expected at Shanghai on Sunday morning, July 20.

A tree on The Bund, opposite the Shanghai Club, was blown down by the storm early yesterday morning. This was the only damage reported in the Settlement.

Judgment for \$22.16 and costs were awarded Mr. A. M. A. Evans in the British Supreme Court yesterday morning. The action was brought against an Indian watchman, Jag Singh, who left the service of the plaintiff without giving notice.

The Imperial Hotel of Tokio has announced plans for a new hotel building to cost G.11,250,000. It will be completed in two years. The Imperial Hotel has recently increased its capital from G.500,000, to G.1,500,000.

The funeral of Miss Adelaide M. Daughaday of the American Board of Missions at Sapporo, Japan, took place on July 4. Miss Daughaday died at Sapporo on July 1.

Subscriptions totalling \$631 were received by the British Women's Work Association last week, according to the B. W. W. A. weekly report.

A Chinese tailor and a Chinese woman appeared in the Mixed Court yesterday charged with theft of 20 rolls of silk pongee from the work rooms of the Allied Relief Association, 53 Soochow Road. The case was remanded one week.

Three members of the "36 gang," which makes a practice of extorting money from proprietors of newly opened shops, were given sentences ranging from one to two months by the Mixed Court yesterday for attempting to intimidate a boatman into giving them money.

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation announces that tenders for the property formerly occupied by Siemens and Co., at Peking Road and The Bund, should be in the hands of the manager not later than July 31. They should be so framed as to remain open for acceptance on or before August 15.

Thanksgiving services for the conclusion of peace were held Sunday at Holy Trinity Cathedral and the Union Church. The Cathedral services were attended by a large number of navy

men and there was also a very large attendance at Union Church.

A small United States mail, transhipped from the *Tenyo Maru*, was received at the American Post Office yesterday.

An action was started by Mr. S. E. Green in the British Supreme Court yesterday against Reids, Ltd., for 18,975.26 damages claimed as suffered through breach of an agreement of sale and delivery for 500 dozen champagne glasses. Mr. R. F. C. Master, appearing for the plaintiff who carries on business as Banker and Co., stated that he had been in communication with Messrs. Hanson, McNeil, Jones and Wright, who had accepted service for the defendants but had not appeared. The return day was adjourned until today, with costs against the defendants.

The two league bowling matches scheduled for Sunday had to be postponed owing to the state of the greens.

The libel suit brought against the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce and Mr. Chu Pao-san, its chairman, by Tang Ziang-shou came up for hearing before Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Li at the Mixed Court yesterday. Mr. N. C. Home appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. G. D. Museo for the defendants. The plaintiff and other witnesses were examined and the case will come up for further hearing today.

### King Alfonso Sends Message To France

(Reuter's Service)  
Paris, June 30.—King Alfonso has telegraphed that Spain shares the joy of France, which sees her heroically supported sacrifices recompensed.

A New Shipment of  
AMERICAN  
APPLE CIDER  
has just been received  
WHOLESALE FROM  
Connell Bros. Co., Agents

## Hall & Holtz, Ltd.

# DRAPERY SALE

Our efforts to make this sale  
a record having been so successful,  
has determined us to continue  
the sale another week previous  
to stocktaking.

Special Feature  
Half Price Bargains.

## The "Three Castles" Virginia Cigarettes

## MAGNUMS

Better because larger.

The tobacco in the Magnums is the same bright Virginia tobacco found in regular Three Castles.

The difference in size makes the Magnums a fuller, richer cigarette while retaining all the mild flavor of the smaller cigarette.



Guaranteed  
Manufactured in  
England.

SANATOGEN

ORIGINAL

## SANATOGEN

THE UNRIVALLED TONIC FOOD

Invaluable for

NERVOUS DISEASES  
SEXUAL WEAKNESS  
ENTERIC FEVER  
STOMACH COMPLAINTS  
ANAEMIA, MALARIA  
DYSENTERY  
BRAIN AND PHYSICAL EXHAUSTION  
LIVER AND SPLEEN COMPLAINTS

SANATOGEN—Large Size \$2.00 per bottle  
SANATOGEN—Small Size \$1.10 per bottle

Exceptional Prices

AMERICAN DRUG COMPANY

42 Nanking Road

Phone: Central 81

## O.V.B.

LOGANBERRY JUICE  
Mix it with an equal parts  
of Whisky and add Tansan.  
"One of the best drinks going!"  
Gande, Price Co., Agents



# REMIER LONDON

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## Paris Metalworker All Return To Work Strike Is Declared Off After Tie-Up Lasting For A Month

(Reuters Service)  
Paris, June 30.—The metal-  
workers in Paris return to work to-  
day after being out on strike for a  
month.

## Abyssinian Mission Going To America

(French Wireless To Reuters)  
Paris, July 6.—(Via Lyons and  
Koukaza).—A message from Mar-  
celles states that the members of the  
Abyssinian Mission, which came to  
Europe under the charge of M. de  
Coppet, the French Minister at Addis-  
Ababa, are leaving for Djibouti.  
The third mission, which is due to  
arrive by the s.s. Orinoco, is proceed-  
ing direct to America.

## JAPANESE COMMANDER REPORTS ON SIBERIA

General Of Received In Au-  
dience By Emperor To Tell  
Military Situation

(Reuters Pacific Service)  
Tokyo, July 5.—General Of, the Com-  
mander of the Kokuai Division, who  
returned from Siberia this morning,  
was immediately received in audience  
by the Emperor to report on the mili-  
tary situation in Siberia.

## Bolsheviki Force Koltchak To Retire

(Continued from Page 1)  
owners. The peasants who were forced  
to join the Bolsheviks have been sent  
home.

It is reported from Vladivostok  
that the anniversary of the freeing of  
the town from the Bolsheviks was  
celebrated with great pomp and at-  
tracted crowds of people. Fine  
weather contributed to the success of  
the day.

It is reported from Omsk that the  
Economic Council has organized  
Budget, Land and Commercial Com-  
mittees, which will work out the  
details of these questions.

It is understood that the temporary  
strike of the agents on the Usuri  
Railway has ended, owing to the  
energetic interference of the military  
authorities.

MAGYAR DRIVE STOPPED  
Mr. Max Engel, Czechoslovak  
delegate in Shanghai, announces the  
receipt of the following telegram  
from Harbin:

The plenipotentiary of the Czech-  
Slovak Republic in Russia, Mr. B.  
Pavla, has received the following  
wire signed by Dr. Benes, Minister  
of Foreign Affairs:

Our energetic counter-attack start-  
ed from Bratislava stopped the Mag-  
yar offensive, the enemy suffering  
great losses of men and materials.

In Czechoslovakia great patriotic  
enthusiasm prevails and volunteers  
from all classes are joining the  
army. Supplies are sufficient. A  
rich harvest is expected this year.

The leader of the Czech, Bolsheviks  
has been arrested and put before a  
court martial.

On the 18th of June General  
Janin, the commander-in-chief of the  
Czechoslovak troops in Siberia,  
inspected the first Czechoslovak  
regiment, "Jan Hus," and after  
having praised the regiment for its  
brave deeds in the fighting in the  
Ukraine, Russia and Siberia, de-  
corated the flag of the regiment  
with a badge of honor and distribut-  
ed French, English and Russian de-  
corations amongst the troops.

When you're thirsty  
try a glass of iced  
AMERICAN  
APPLE CIDER

At all clubs, hotels and stores  
Connell Bros. Co., Agents.

PHONE WEST 189  
FORD HIRE SERVICE  
77 ROUTE VALLON

Now a strictly first-class  
Family Hotel  
at moderate prices

Affording every comfort  
and convenience  
for its guests

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT  
SAVOY HOTEL  
NOW BEING RE-MODELLED AND RE-FURNISHED

It is our aim to attain  
a high standard of service  
and comfort throughout.

We will make the Savoy  
pre-eminent for quality of  
service at reasonable charges.

Whether you are in Shanghai for a day, a week, a month,  
or permanently, you will now find the Savoy Hotel a very  
satisfactory home, with excellent service and superior  
cuisine

SPECIAL RATES FOR MONTHLY GUESTS

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## ATTRACTIVE FOOTWEAR

The out-of-the-ordinary kind, with tone and individuality.  
Made from the best leathers and fabrics by the world's  
greatest shoe-makers. Price  
advantage, style advantage,  
wear advantage—and we  
are in position to show you  
all of these advantages and  
even more in  
WALK-OVER SHOES

"You're in style all the while if you wear Walk-Overs"  
SILK HOSIERY—TENNIS SHOES  
RUBBERS—LACES—POLISHES

WALK-OVER SHOE STORE  
"The Store Ahead"  
24 NANKING ROAD

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## Severely: Rail Line Cut Be- tween Kobe And Shimonoseki

(Reuters Pacific Service)  
Osaka, July 5.—Heavy rainfalls  
have caused serious floods in many  
districts to the west of Osaka. The  
city of Hiroshima has suffered most  
seriously, practically all the bridges  
having been washed away. Railway  
traffic between Kobe and Shimonoseki  
is interrupted.

Despite the rain, 8,000 citizens as-  
sembled for the Osaka Municipal  
peace celebration this afternoon.

## VON FALKENHAYN RETIRES

Former German Chief Of Staff  
Leaves Army  
(Reuters Service)  
Copenhagen, June 30.—A message  
from Berlin states that General von  
Falkenhayn has been retired.

## JELICO TO TOUR SOUTH SEAS

(Reuters Service)  
Sydney, June 30.—Admiral Jellicoe  
sails on July 3 on a tour of the South  
Sea Islands which will last for two or  
three months.

## Three Go To Prison For Official's Death

Sentences of 5 years, 3 years and  
2 years were given three of the men  
charged with the murder of Kwan  
Bai-kyen, adviser to the Tsuchin of  
Chekiang, by the Mixed Court yes-  
terday.

The official was beaten to death  
by a crowd on Kinchow Road on  
June 19 on suspicion of his having  
poisoned food. Seven men were  
originally charged, four being releas-  
ed because of insufficient evidence.  
The case was heard by Assessor  
Grant Jones and Magistrate Kwan  
and in giving judgment the Magis-  
trate stated that while there was no  
proof as to who had actually struck  
the blows causing death, the court,  
after careful investigation, traced  
the cause of the assault to the  
spreading of the rumor by the prin-  
cipal accused, a chauffeur named  
Dan Oo-zung, that Kwan had been  
poisoning foodstuffs.

## FRENCH BOURSE FIRM

(Reuters Service)  
Paris, July 1.—The general tone  
on the Bourse is firm, French  
Rentes made a further advance.

AT  
CANTOROVICH'S  
23 Nanking Road

SWEATERS, Latest Designs  
LIGHT UNDERWEAR  
SILK and COTTON  
HOSIERY  
HABERDASHERY, etc., etc.

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# CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

## What is Castoria?

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil,  
Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is  
pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other  
narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more  
than thirty years it has been in constant use for the  
relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and  
Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and  
by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimila-  
tion of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep.  
The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

The  
signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper  
of genuine Castoria  
"My patients invariably praise the action of  
your Castoria." W. W. DUNN, M. D.  
Buffalo, N. Y.

"During my medical practice I know of several  
cases where your Castoria was prescribed and  
used with good results."  
K. MORSE, M. D.,  
St. Louis, Mo.

"Your Castoria is certainly the greatest remedy  
for children I know of. I know no other pre-  
paratory preparation which is its equal."  
H. S. SCHWARTZ, M. D.,  
Kansas City, Mo.

"I have used your Castoria as a purgative in  
the cases of children for years past with most  
happy effect, and fully endorse it as a safe  
remedy."  
H. D. BENNETT, M. D.,  
Philadelphia, Pa.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANK, LTD.

9, Ningpo Road

A Bank of the Chinese, by the Chinese, and for Everybody

This Bank is a Chinese Bank, carrying on banking and ex-  
change business of every description along modern lines.

It is our endeavor to execute every transaction, whether large  
or small, to the full satisfaction of our clients. "SERVICE  
and EFFICIENCY" is our motto.

Your visit is invited and your patronage solicited. This is  
YOUR BANK.

K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

Cable address: "COMSAVBANK"

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## PHILIPPINE TEAM WINS FIRST THREE AT TIENTSIN

Takes Two Games From Army  
And Defeats Civilian Club  
By Score Of 12-0

The 4th Philippine Infantry nine, which is coming here for a series with Shanghai, the Navy and Tientsin teams, won three games in Tientsin in two days. The Philippine team defeated the 15th Infantry by a 4-2 score on the afternoon of July 2 and won a doubleheader on the afternoon of July 4, sweeping the Tientsin civilian nine by a 12-0 score and shutting out the 15th Infantry 4-0.

The Philippine Infantry carries three pitchers, Birtulpo, Meyers, who formerly pitched for the Knights of Columbus team in Manila, and Masias. Birtulpo is one of the best Filipino twirlers in the islands, Malales, by far the best catcher in the islands, and Montgomery, who caught for Corregidor teams, are doing the backstopping.

The nine is well balanced and should prove a big attraction here. Bobby Stell, first lieutenant in the Philippine Scouts, plays third base. Colitto, the shortstop, is fast and a pretty fielder while De Chaves, the first baseman, is one of the best in the Philippines.

Captain Landreth, regimental athletic officer of the 15th Infantry, is playing in the outfield for the Tientsin army team.

**Shanghai Plays Tomorrow**

Shanghai will play the Gunboats at the Race Course tomorrow afternoon, the game starting at five o'clock. The teams will go seven innings. On Saturday and Sunday afternoons, the locals play the U.S.S. New Orleans.

A stiff practice will be held today and one or two new players are expected out. Cox, who was given a tryout with the San Francisco team of the Coast League, is the most prominent of the new men. Johnny Scott, who is now official scout for the locals, has dug up several stars who have been in hiding.

The outlook for a Shanghai team is one of the best in years. Clair, who comes here on August first, can take a turn in the box or relieve Bradley behind the bat. Cox should get on the line without difficulty and there are one or two other players who will make bids for the team.

Shanghai has two first string pitchers now and Porterfield will soon return from Kuling. This will mean that both Scott and Giff can play the outfield when Porterfield is working. All the players are good hitters and outfielders. With Neprud or Smith playing right, the locals will have a strong lineup for the coming series against the Philippine, Navy and Tientsin teams.

## SWIMMING ASSOCIATION HOLDS ANNUAL MEETING

Organisation Re-Elects Mr. R. W. MacCabe As President;  
1919 Plans Discussed

The annual general meeting of the Shanghai Amateur Swimming Association was held last evening at the Rowing Club, Mr. R. W. MacCabe in the chair.

The minutes of the previous meeting having been read the report and accounts as presented were passed unanimously.

The Committee for 1919 was elected as follows: Messrs. L. Bertie, W. J. Gande, M. R. Gordon, W. Jones, R. W. MacCabe, T. R. MacDonald and J. H. McGregor.

The chairman briefly outlined the program for the coming season and expressed the hope that the series of interport competitions be revived after a lapse of five years.

A suggestion was made by Mr. McGregor that each club should be entitled to appoint its own representative on the committee of the Association.

It was decided to sense the feeling of the swimmers interested and, if necessary, call an extraordinary general meeting to alter the rules.

On the proposal of Mr. McGregor, it was decided to award a specially worded certificate to Mr. C. E. Ozorio, who secured first prize in the long swimming last year.

On the suggestion of Mr. W. Jones, it was decided to give a second team prize in the water polo league if not less than four teams enter.

**Committee Organises For Year**

A meeting of the Committee took place immediately after the general meeting and the following office bearers were elected for 1919:

Mr. R. W. MacCabe, President;  
Mr. J. H. McGregor, Vice-President;  
Mr. L. Bertie, Hon. Sec. and Treas.

Regarding the water polo season and the league matches, Mr. Jones announced that he hoped to have a strong Police team this year, as 31 recruits were due from Europe next month.

The annual general meeting of the Japanese Swimming Club will be held on July 15 when it will be decided whether they will be able to enter a team or not.

## CRICKET IN ENGLAND

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 30.—Cricket: Essex versus Middlesex drawn.

London, July 1.—Cricket: Surrey versus Lancashire drawn.

Yorkshire versus Kent drawn.

London, July 2.—Cricket: MCC versus Oxford drawn.

## American Co. S.V.C. Shooting

Following are the results of the American Co. S.V.C. monthly cup competitions for March, April, May and June, the conditions being Bissley 200, 500 and 600 yards, with Lee Enfield rifles. The scores given for each month are with allowances.

|                  | March | April | May             | June |
|------------------|-------|-------|-----------------|------|
| F. S. T. Smith   | 48.2  | 41.25 | 500 yds 600 yds |      |
| T. C. Britton    | 35    | 32    |                 |      |
| A. Q. Adamson    | 35.7  | 35    |                 |      |
| J. W. Baldwin    | 35.7  | 30    |                 |      |
| R. F. Wilner     | 33.8  | 27    |                 |      |
| H. A. Vanderbeek | 34.6  | 30.4  |                 |      |
| C. E. Kline      | 31.0  | 33.35 |                 |      |
| C. L. Boynton    | 34.1  | 34.1  |                 |      |

|                                               | May          | June         |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| F. S. T. Smith                                | 500 200, 500 | 500 200, 500 |
| T. C. Britton                                 | 42.8         | 59.8         |
| A. Q. Adamson                                 | 35           | 51           |
| J. W. Baldwin                                 | 31           | 50           |
| R. F. Wilner                                  | 30           | 47           |
| H. A. Vanderbeek                              | 30           | 47           |
| C. E. Kline                                   | 31.5         | 46           |
| C. L. Boynton                                 | 33           | 45.1         |
| F. S. T. Smith—winner of cup and four spoons. | 25.2         | 45.1         |

|                                | May  | June |
|--------------------------------|------|------|
| T. C. Britton—winner of spoons | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| A. Q. Adamson—winner of spoons | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| J. W. Baldwin—winner of spoons | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| R. F. Wilner—winner of spoon   | 25.2 | 45.1 |

|                                  | May  | June |
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| H. A. Vanderbeek—winner of spoon | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. E. Kline—winner of spoons     | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. L. Boynton—winner of spoon    | 25.2 | 45.1 |

|                                  | May  | June |
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| H. A. Vanderbeek—winner of spoon | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. E. Kline—winner of spoons     | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. L. Boynton—winner of spoon    | 25.2 | 45.1 |

|                                  | May  | June |
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| H. A. Vanderbeek—winner of spoon | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. E. Kline—winner of spoons     | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. L. Boynton—winner of spoon    | 25.2 | 45.1 |

|                                  | May  | June |
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| H. A. Vanderbeek—winner of spoon | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. E. Kline—winner of spoons     | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. L. Boynton—winner of spoon    | 25.2 | 45.1 |

|                                  | May  | June |
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| H. A. Vanderbeek—winner of spoon | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. E. Kline—winner of spoons     | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. L. Boynton—winner of spoon    | 25.2 | 45.1 |

|                                  | May  | June |
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| H. A. Vanderbeek—winner of spoon | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. E. Kline—winner of spoons     | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. L. Boynton—winner of spoon    | 25.2 | 45.1 |

|                                  | May  | June |
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| H. A. Vanderbeek—winner of spoon | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. E. Kline—winner of spoons     | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. L. Boynton—winner of spoon    | 25.2 | 45.1 |

|                                  | May  | June |
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| C. E. Kline—winner of spoons     | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. L. Boynton—winner of spoon    | 25.2 | 45.1 |

|                                  | May  | June |
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| H. A. Vanderbeek—winner of spoon | 25.2 | 45.1 |
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| H. A. Vanderbeek—winner of spoon | 25.2 | 45.1 |
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| C. L. Boynton—winner of spoon    | 25.2 | 45.1 |

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| C. E. Kline—winner of spoons     | 25.2 | 45.1 |
| C. L. Boynton—winner of spoon    | 25.2 | 45.1 |

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| C. L. Boynton—winner of spoon    | 25.2 | 45.1 |

## ANTI-GOVERNMENT WAVE GAINING WAY IN BERLIN

Authorities Prepare For Rebellion; Food Riots In Berlin Result In Deaths

(Reuter's Service)  
Berlin, July 1.—Following food disturbances, excesses occurred in Bielefeld. The mob occupied the Town Hall and the railway station and forced a number of works to close down. They seized quantities of rifles and ammunition. Two persons were killed and a number injured.

The strike on the tramways and the city railways began this morning. The city is deprived of practically all means of transport.

The papers state the strike movement was organised by the ex-Chief of Police, Eichhorn, and engineered by the Communists with funds supplied by the Hungarian-Soviet Republic, part of which have also been sent to Hamburg.

Speaking at meetings of the Independent Socialists, Herrn Haase and Hoffmann urged the workers to prepare for the establishment of a proletarian dictatorship.

Copenhagen, July 1.—A message from Hamburg states that General von Lettow Vorbeck's troops have occupied the city without fighting.

Copenhagen, June 30.—A message from Berlin states that the Government is taking precautions against a rebellion. Troops with machine-guns are stationed in all the large squares and are guarding the railway bridges. The Independent Socialists alone are holding 26 anti-Government meetings in Berlin this afternoon.

Berlin, June 29.—Noske's strike decree has been withdrawn. The railway men will resume work tomorrow.

It is reported that the tramway men and overhead and underground railway men will strike tomorrow.

Berlin, June 23.—Herr Noske, the Minister of War has prohibited the sale of arms and ammunition in the districts under martial law and has ordered acts of terrorism and attempts to interrupt traffic on the railways to be suppressed in the sternest manner.

Berlin, July 1.—The Minister of Public Works has warned the railway strikers that they will be dismissed unless they resume work before July 2. Nine thousand truck-loads of food for Berlin are being held up.

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## FORM NEW ASSOCIATION FOR COUNTRY'S WELFARE

**Peking Meeting Resolves To  
Thank Peace Delegates And  
Redeem Japanese Loan**

(Reuter's Pacific Service)  
Peking, July 4.—Delegates numbering about one hundred, representing educational and commercial bodies and the press, attended a meeting yesterday afternoon in the Science College of the Peking Government University for the purpose of organizing an association whose object shall be to promote the welfare of the Chinese Republic.

The following resolutions were passed provisionally, to be confirmed at a subsequent larger meeting.

1.—In view of the energy shown by the Chinese Delegation in Paris and the valuable services they have rendered to the four hundred million people of China, the Association shall telegraph to them expressing their appreciation.

2.—In view of the Government's assertion that it is impossible to redeem the advance made in connection with the Kaomi-Haichow and Tsinan-Shungh railway agreement, the Association deems it its duty to raise funds from the people in order to redeem this loan.

3.—The Association shall inform the various institutions and bodies in the Provinces of the non-signature of the peace treaty and warn them against relaxing their efforts as the campaign is but half completed.

4.—The constitution of the Association shall be drawn up by the promoters and every effort shall be made to secure a large membership.

## WORLD'S WHEAT AMPLE TO FILL EUROPE'S NEED

**Hoover Estimates Demand At  
850,000,000 Bushels, With Nearly  
As Much Available For Export**

Paris, June 3.—A preliminary survey of the import necessities of Europe, except Russia, shows the area will need 700,000,000 bushels of wheat and rye at a minimum, or 850,000,000 bushels as a possible maximum, Herbert C. Hoover, head of the Allied relief organization, said today. The export surplus of wheat and rye from the larger exporting countries indicate the needs of Europe can be met. Mr. Hoover estimates the exports of the United States at 470,000,000 bushels.

Through our organization and in co-operation with the various governments," the statement says, "we have completed a preliminary survey of the food prospects of Europe and the import necessities, outside of Russia, for the harvest year beginning August 1, meet these needs.

"We estimate the total prospective European yield of wheat and rye outside Russia, as of May 1, after deducting seed, at 1,550,000,000 bushels. This indicates a crop of about 77 percent of pre-war normal. The pre-war consumption, outside of seed, was about 2,500,000,000 bushels, indicating a net import of about 950,000,000 bushels if consumption were normal next year. The somewhat diminished populations and the diminished buying power militate against full normal consumption, but the least possible consumption, with the maintenance of public health we estimate at 2,250,000,000 bushels, or an import on a minimum basis of about 700,000,000 bushels.

"The consumption necessarily will be to a great degree a factor of financial recuperation and ability to pay for imports and is also influenced by the tendency to eat more bread and less expensive meat and fats. Restriction of consumption will require continuation of rigid control of distribution. People everywhere are sick of rations, and every state will make a supreme effort to get from under the yoke. Some countries that will not.

## Order Your Plane Early

**Market In Pleasure Cars Promises  
To Be Brisk**

The tide of commercial aviation is turning and soon will be in full flood.

All the leading aeroplane manufacturers are taking in orders for delivery at the earliest possible moment, and many sales are recorded.

The Curtiss Company has sold more than thirty-five machines to individuals since the beginning of the year. Many of them are to be used for novel purposes and several for use in developments abroad.

One of the purchasers, Dr. Frank Brewster, of Beaver City, Neb., purchased a J. N. 4D2 biplane to use in making calls on his practitioners.

E. L. Brookins, of Oklahoma, has purchased two of the new Oriones, one small scout machine and two J. N. 4D2 machines for distribution among oil men in that state to make trips around their holdings.

H. S. Spiesberger, of Chicago, a clothing manufacturer, purchased two J. N. 4D2 planes for delivery purposes. Sidney Chaplin, of Los Angeles, has bought two MF flying boats and two Oriones for passenger carrying purposes between Los Angeles and the Catalina Islands.

Major J. E. Stevenot, of Manila, P. I., has made a similar purchase for transportation purposes between the Philippine Islands.

The development of the Oriole type as a commercial vehicle arose from the requests of I. B. Humphreys, of Denver, Col., who asked for two especially built aeroplanes for high altitude work. A man was sent to Denver and, as a result of his observations, W. L. Gilmore, one of the Curtiss engineers, designed the Oriole, which won a prize of \$500 on its first flight.

The Glenn L. Martin Company is completing four modified twin engine aeroplanes of the Martin bomber type for passenger-carrying service between San Diego and other California cities. This service will be inaugurated by a flight of all four machines across the continent from New York. Other machines will be added as the service grows.

One order that has just been placed calls for machines to carry material to and from the mahogany and rubber plantations in Bolivia, where railroads are scarce. At present the mahogany logs are floated down the twisting course of the Amazon and other rivers, a lengthy and difficult operation. With aeroplanes it is expected to speed up this work by delivery of dressed lumber in 1,000 pound lots. The same plan will be adopted for rubber.

## JAPAN PEACE STAMPS HERE

The Peace Restoration Commemorative stamps issued by the Japanese government have been received by the local Japanese Post Office and are now on sale.

The new stamps are in two designs, one depicting a white dove with outspread wings and the other a dove with wings folded, and are very pretty and artistic specimens of stamp engraving art. The issue received in of 1 1/2, 3, 4 and 10 sen denominations.

## Malini To Give Farewell

Malini the magician will give his farewell performance at the Astor House tomorrow night beginning at 9:30 o'clock. Dancing will follow the entertainment.

## Peace Celebration Ball Given In Tokio

**Viscount Uchida, Foreign Minister,  
Host To Diplomats  
And Officials**

(Reuter's Pacific Service)  
Tokio, July 6.—The Peace ball given by Viscount Uchida yesterday was attended by 500 people, including members of the Diplomatic Body, Government officials, members of Parliament and prominent Japanese and foreign business men.

## Obituary

**Mr. B. J. Botelho**

News has been received by wire of the death of Mr. B. J. Botelho, partner and founder of the firm of Botelho Bros., of Hongkong, Shanghai and San Francisco.

The deceased was well known and held in high esteem in Hongkong both in business and social life.

**Lord Rayleigh**

(Reuter's Service)  
London, July 1.—The death is announced of Lord Rayleigh, O. M., Chancellor of Cambridge University and Scientific Adviser to Trinity House since 1896.

**Sir John Brunner**

London, July 1.—The death is announced of Sir John Brunner, Chairman of Brunner, Mond and Company.

Sir John Brunner was 76 years old. He was the founder, with Dr. Ludwig Mond, of the famous alkali works in Northwich, England, which are said to be the largest in the world. Sir John was descended from a Swiss family. He was a member of the British Parliament for 24 years.

**James N. Dunn**

London, June 29.—The death is announced of Mr. James Nicol Dunn.

## DUTCH WRITER LECTURES

Mr. A. Rebel, Dutch journalist, delivered a lecture on his "experiences among the cannibal tribes of the interior of Sumatra, the Batak, at the Palace Hotel last night and after the talk described the significance of the many curios, collected during his eight months with the people, which were on exhibition. Mr. Rebel made the trip to Inner Sumatra with Mr. C. N. Junker.

Messrs. Rebel and Junker leave for Hankow tomorrow and will afterward go to Tientsin, Peking and thence to Japan on their way to Holland via the United States.

Mr. Rebel last night described in detail his trip through Sumatra and the customs, religion, industries and living conditions of the Batak. Illustrating his talk with various models and curios which were described.

Half the proceeds of last night's lecture went to the Klost Eruption Relief Fund.

## 'Hello! London? New York Talking'

"Within three months, from your hotel room in London, you will be able to call any New York telephone number, get it inside of fifteen minutes, and then talk for three minutes for \$5."

This is how Marconi expressed himself, according to The Scientific American, in discussing the recent successful culmination of many preliminary experiments which had been made in long distance telephony and which had resulted in a conversation on March 19 between Clifden, Ireland, and Glace Bay, Nova Scotia.

Says The Scientific American: "When the Marconi engineer from his wireless hut in Ireland called Glace Bay, instantly came the answer, 'Glace Bay talking.' From that moment Clifden communicated continuously with Nova Scotia, the voices carrying strong and clear all day. To quote General Manager Bradfield, of the English Marconi company: 'Transmission was absolutely instantaneous, and the voices were as clear as over the telephone. After the first messages were exchanged, conditions were so perfect that our engineers continued their conversation all day, saving the delay of writing their comments and recommendations regarding improvements.'

Though detailed information regarding wireless telephoning between Ireland and Canada is withheld for the present by the Marconi Company, the transatlantic wireless telephone promises to be an astonishing success, as the first efforts to talk through the air were much successful than the first attempts at wireless telegraphing.

"The establishment of a regular system of commercial wireless telephony from New York to London is believed now to be merely a question of time, and before long Sydney, Australia, and the furthest parts of the earth will be placed on the aerial exchange."

**PURE  
SWEET  
WHOLESALE  
APPLE CIDER**  
At all clubs,  
hotels and stores.  
**Connell Bros. Co.,**  
Agents.

## BABY'S PICTURE

It's our speciality.

**Burr** 2 Broadway

PHONE WEST 189  
**FORD HIRE SERVICE**  
77 ROUTE VALLON

## Today's Band Program

Performances by the Public Band will be given today, weather permitting, programs as follows:

(a) in the Public Garden at 4:30 p.m.:  
1. March—Giddy Giddy! Go On! Frost  
Go On! ..... Frost

2. Overture—Johan de Paris  
Boillidieu  
Joyce

3. Waltz—Dreaming ..... Boillidieu  
4. Selection—A Highland Scene  
Moore

5. (a) One Step—For Honor and  
for Home ..... Perrin  
(b) Fox Trot—Mary ..... Frey

6. Selection—The Earl and the  
Girl ..... Caryll  
(b) in the Public Garden at 9 p.m.:  
1. March—The Whip ..... Holzmann

2. Overture—Fra Diavolo ..... Auber  
3. Waltz—Pluie d'Or ..... Waldteufel  
4. Selection—Eugene Onegin  
Tchaikowsky

5. (a) One Step—I'm Going to  
Follow the Boys ..... Monaco  
(b) Fox Trot—Western Shuffle  
Wilson

6. Mazurka—from the Ballet Sylvia  
Debussy  
7. Waltz—Dear Little Boy of Mine  
Ball

8. Selection—Going Up ..... Hirsch  
A. de Kryger,  
Conductor-in-Charge.

## 司公鏡眼益精國中 Refracting and Manufacturing



**Crookes, Torics,  
AND  
Kryptoks**

**CHINESE OPTICAL CO.**  
P. 382 Nanking Road

**TRADE MARK**

**Just Arrived**  
new stock of

# "DUXBAK"

## Waterproof Leather Belting

Made of highest quality leather, and guaranteed to be absolutely waterproof which insures long life and satisfactory service.

**Sizes—1" to 12" wide**

**Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.**

4-5 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Shanghai  
Telephone, Central 778

# The Electric Drive

The Electric Drive has advantages that are possessed by no other power producer. The use of Electric Motors for driving all types of machines results in

**Reliability, Safety, Flexibility and Economy.**

To obtain the best results in factory operation, it is essential that nothing but the Electric Drive be used.

**MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT**  
POWER DEPT.: 66 SZECHUEN ROAD. TEL. CENTRAL 283

# How to protect your skin

## from the harmful effects of this climate

Before going out, protect your skin by an application of Pond's Vanishing-Cream. Use it on your hands and neck as well as your face.

Under the condition in which it keeps your face with osure to the weather. used for years for its g Cream is of the storing the normal

can use it throughout the evening, with the the skin to make it and as a base for efficient for the whole our skin to look its

are used in the pre-ot grow hair or down y drug or department

ACT COMPANY'S

# CREAM

ewhere

the Sole Agents:

**OUR (China), LTD.**

Telephone, Central 322



# Business and Official Notices

# (Second Section) THE CHINA PRESS 報 陸 大

# Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must  
be **Prepaid**  
2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

Replies must be  
called for

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, JULY 8, 1919

## Municipal Notification No. 2630

The Council attaches the greatest importance to the passing of the By-laws published in the Municipal Gazette of June 26, and accordingly the attendance of all qualified Ratepayers is particularly requested at the special meeting to be held in the Town Hall on Thursday, July 10, at 12.15 p.m.

It is anticipated that the proceedings will occupy but a short time.

By order,

N. O. LIDDELL,

Secretary.

Council Room,  
Shanghai, July 5, 1919.

24323

## Municipal Notification No. 2632

NOTICE is hereby given that voting tickets have been forwarded to Ratepayers entitled to vote at the forthcoming Special Meeting. Any such Ratepayer not having received his ticket is requested to be good enough to communicate with the undersigned as soon as possible.

By order,

N. O. LIDDELL,

Secretary.

Council Room,  
Shanghai, July 7, 1919.

24359

## NOTICE

The undersigned hereby give notice that a special meeting of Ratepayers will be held in the Town Hall, on Thursday, July 10, 1919, at 12.15 p.m. when the following Resolution will be proposed.

**RESOLUTION.** That the By-laws published in the Municipal Gazette on June 26, 1919, be passed and approved in substitution for the existing By-laws, Nos. XXXIII to XXXVII, inclusive, attached to the Land Regulations.

Proposed by E. C. PEARCE,  
Seconded by Ed. WHITE.

Shanghai, June 28, 1919.

A. E. Algar,  
H. E. Arnold,  
F. Ayscough,  
C. R. Burkill,  
E. J. Cornfoot,  
Edward I. Ezra,  
H. H. Girardet,  
R. E. Gregson,  
H. C. Gulland,  
C. Holliday,  
Robert S. Ivy,  
W. S. Jackson,  
Joseph J. Keegan,  
Henry Lester,  
R. J. Marshall,  
Reginald F. Master,  
V. Meyer,  
L. Midwood,  
R. B. Moorhead,  
E. Nissim,  
J. H. Osborne,  
W. A. C. Platt,  
N. Sakurai,  
H. G. Simms,  
A. G. Stephen,  
A. I. D. Stewart,  
Edward Wheelley,  
Richard E. Wilson,  
G. H. Wright.

24198

## NOTICE

Owing to the death of our partner, Mr. E. J. Botelho, this office will be closed to business on Tuesday, the 8th instant.

BOTELHO BROS.

July 7th, 1919.

24354

## PLATINUM

ORDERS taken for Jewellers, Electricians, Dentists and other professions and trades.

We also buy raw and old platinum at best market prices.

Melting done promptly.

WO SHING,

Tel. C. 1577, 198 Kiangse Road.

24286

## Shanghai Race Club NOTICE

An Extraordinary General Meeting of Voting Members will be held at the Grand Stand at 6.30 p.m. on Thursday, 10th July, 1919, to discuss and if approved, pass the resolution contained in the circular issued by the Stewards dated 3rd July, 1919.

Voting Members who have not received copies of the above mentioned circular are asked to notify the undersigned without delay.

By Order of the Stewards,  
A. W. OLSEN,

Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

24390

## Shanghai Race Club NOTICE

Members who have not received circulars, application forms, etc., for the Dinner and Entertainment to be given at the Grand Stand on Friday, 11th July, 1919, in honour of Members who have returned after being demobilized, and the Club's Peace Celebrations, are asked to notify the undersigned without delay.

By Order of the Stewards,  
A. W. OLSEN,

Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

24365

## LOST

Mr. Wen Tze Yung's handy pocket was lost at the Tien Yih Hotel on July 1st, 1919, in which the following are included.

A watch; about \$15.00; 15 pieces of jewelry, a passbook, No. 241 under the name of Ruk Tai Tung, of \$9,000 West, drawables at the Commercial Press, Ltd., Shanghai, a passbook under the name of Ren Hou Tung, of the 2,000 drawables at Mar Wang Co., Ltd., Shanghai, a passbook under the name of Wen Tze Yung, of the 2,000 drawables at Mar Wang Co., Ltd., Shanghai.

Mr. Wen has informed this to the Police and the two above mentioned passbooks are invalid in any condition.

\$300 will be rewarded to any one who sends all articles mentioned to Mr. Wen. If any information regarding this matter is given and result is obtained \$100 will be given as a reward.

WEN TZE YUNG,  
Tien Yih Hotel,  
July 7, 1919.

24367

## LOST

LOST, Bill of lading for 11 packages strawboard, marked TO numbered No. 1427/28, No. 1442/45, No. 1470, No. 1517/19, No. 1530, ex S.S. "Kokura Maru," arrived in November 1917, from Tokyo. The public are hereby warned not to accept the same as it has been nullified.

TOA CO., 8, Honan Road.

24358

## SERVICE, HIGHER EFFICIENCY, BETTER ATTENTION.

STEEL, METALS, MACHINERY, CHEMICALS,  
GLASS, PAPER, LEATHER.

Direct Mail Representatives

## SHEBA TRADING CORPORATION

82-92 Beaver St.,

New York, N.Y., U.S.A.

President - J. J. DIMOND

Vice-President - JAMES M. BAUMHOIL

Secretary - L. B. SHERMAN

Treasurer - G. H. NEUMEYER

References - National City Bank. Cable Address: NEUDIMOND

24321

Tel., Central 2036

## Dr. FRED M. GENSBURGER

Eye-Sight Specialist

Consulting Hours  
10 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m.  
and by appointment

38, Nanking Road  
1st Floor

## HIRANO WATER Reynell's

AT ALL HOTELS

AT ALL CLUBS

PURITY

GUARANTEED

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

Business Men's Lunch

11.30 until 2 p.m.

Every day (Excepting Sunday)

Price 60 cts.

SULLIVANS CANDY STORE,

Nanking Road.

## Municipal Notification No. 2631.

Traffic - "One Way Roads"

Notice is hereby given that with effect from Monday, July 7, the provisions of Notifications Nos. 2604 and 2611 will be withdrawn, except as regards wheelbarrow and handcart traffic.

The Szechuen Road between the Nanking and Hongkong Roads will remain closed to all vehicular traffic, except traffic proceeding North to South, until the completion of the road repairs which are now being carried out.

By order,

N. O. LIDDELL,

Secretary.

Council Room,

Shanghai, July 5, 1919.

24345

## TEXACO PRODUCTS

Lubricating Oils, Motor Oils,  
Transmission Lubricant, Cup  
Greases, Axle Greases, Liquid Wax  
Dressing, Asphalt Paints, and  
Specialties.

Distributed by

LIENGYI MERCANTILE CO.  
11 Soochow Road, Shanghai

## Dr. James Yuking's

Office for Venereal Diseases  
is now removed to  
72 NANKING ROAD.  
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily  
and by appointment.  
Special consideration to men  
in uniform.

## METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI

PHONE: NORTH 1488

## "MODERN" DUPLICATOR-PRINTER

Works with a clay (putty-like) composition which keeps good in all climates. The pad is cleaned as easily as erasing writing from a slate. Contains no glue or gelatine.



WILL MAKE  
50  
COPIES

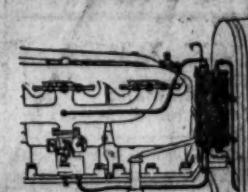
WORKS WITH COPYING RIBBON, PENCIL OR CARBON  
from \$12.00 upwards according to size

## THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone: SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT Cable Add.:  
Central 4774 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai Blackhawk

## STEWART VACUUM GASOLINE SYSTEM

Over the roughest roads it insures an absolutely positive gasoline feed. It is self-contained, simple in construction; nothing to get out of order, nothing that needs attention.



Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

## O.V.B.

THE TEMPERANCE  
BEVERAGE SUPREME

Gande, Price & Co., Agents

## EDUCATIONAL

LADY wishes pupils of any nationality for the study of English. Apply to Box 481, THE CHINA PRESS.

24325

## HOUSES WANTED

WANTED to rent, immediately, unfurnished house, 6-8 rooms, centrally located. Apply to Box 492, THE CHINA PRESS.

24363 J. 10

## OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to let, Canton Road, two rooms, second floor. Szechuen Road, two rooms, second floor. Apply to J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24247

Amusement Advertising  
will be found on  
Page 14

## APARTMENTS

### Connaught House

8 Quinsan Gardens

Board-Residence

Terms moderate.

Apply Mrs. POLLOCK.

TO LET, with board, large comfortable newly furnished front room, with open verandah and private bathroom attached. Facing south. All modern comforts, telephone, garage, stabling and tennis. Apply to Box 463, THE CHINA PRESS.

TO LET, bungalow, three rooms, bath and kitchen, nice garden, 21 months' lease. Rent, Mex \$30 per month to anyone taking over improvements. Inquire 7 Muirhead Road, after 6 p.m.

24346 J. 9

FOR RENT, a four-roomed flat, screened, large verandah, garden, kitchen, pantry, servants' quarters, etc., near French Park. Apply to Box 480, THE CHINA PRESS.

24355

FOR \$100: Nicely furnished room with board, in central district. Quiet. Apply to Box 477, THE CHINA PRESS.

24332 J. 11

TO LET, central location (quiet), cool, airy and well-furnished, large double room (bathroom attached). Room has fine view, and is suitable for couple or two bachelors. Apply to Box 465, THE CHINA PRESS.

24317 J. 10

TO LET on Bubbling Well Road, near Country Club, a suite of two well-furnished rooms with board. Private bath and verandah, facing south. Also large single room and bath. All from 15th July. Apply to Box 457, THE CHINA PRESS.

24306

TO LET, well-furnished room in Western district, opposite Race Course. Apply 78 Bubbling Well Road.

24305 J. 15

## SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, active salesman, some technical knowledge required, solicitation, stating salary expected to Box 486, THE CHINA PRESS.

24344 J. 9

WANTED for Vladivostok, Portuguese correspondent in English, with knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply to Box 485, THE CHINA PRESS.

24343 J. 9

WANTED, enterprising well-educated Chinese for a position as salesman in technical lines. Experience abroad will be recommended. State expected salary to Box 487, THE CHINA PRESS.

24344 J. 9

WANTED, experienced and competent proofreader for work on a daily newspaper. Apply to Box 467, THE CHINA PRESS.

J. 11

WANTED, immediately, for large American Corporation, temporarily with possibility of permanency, a capable man to take charge of import department, with special local knowledge of metals, etc. State previous experience and salary required to Box 449, THE CHINA PRESS.

24375 J. 8

WANTED by an American firm, a thoroughly competent and experienced stenographer. Apply, stating experience and speed per minute, to Box 424, THE CHINA PRESS.

24246

Business and Official Notices  
are Continued on  
Page 14

## HOUSES TO LET

LADY leaving for Mokanshan wishes another to join her in small housekeeping expenses. Apply to Box 476, THE CHINA PRESS.

24330 J. 9

TO LET, with immediate occupation, 3 Temple Lane, Tls. 100. The West End Estates, Limited, 38 Kiangse Road.

24324

MOKANSHAN: to let, a well-furnished bungalow, best situation on the hill, near pool and tennis. Owner leaving Shanghai. Will accept a reasonable offer. Apply to Box 466, THE CHINA PRESS.

24319 J. 8

TO LET, from June 1st, modern detached residence in fine locality, five rooms. Garden. Tls. 100 per month. 197 Bis Avenue due Roi Albert. China Realty Co., Ltd.

24243

TO LET, 20 Yates Road, detached eight-roomed residence, tennis, garage, stabling. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24244

TO LET, 44 Sinza Road, excellent residence of four large and three small rooms. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24245

## Exchange and Mart

MOTOR-CYCLE, standard American make, 2 1/4 horse-power, two-speed, free-engine, practically new. Will sell for Tls. 200, cash, including horn, gas-lamp, extra carbide, gasoline and licence paid to September. No bargaining or lower offers considered. Reply before Thursday, to E. M. C. Box 491, THE CHINA PRESS.

24361 J. 4

PEARL NECKLACE for sale, consisting of 106 rare pearls, weighing 256 Carats. Genuine heirloom of princely family to be sold at a sacrifice. May be seen at the Palace Hotel between 12 and 2 p.m. and 5 and 7 p.m. Apply to Room No. 323.

24357 J. 9

FOR SALE, Overland touring car, model 90, wire wheels, bargain, absolutely new. For trial, etc., apply to Box 489, THE CHINA PRESS.

24355 J. 10

SCRIPPS-BOOTH Roadster for sale, only used 10 months, perfect condition, Tls. 1,300. Owner bought new Scripps-Booth. For full particulars, etc., apply to Box 490, THE CHINA PRESS.

24355 J. 10

FOR SALE, sailing yacht "Lone Star," with detachable auxiliary motor. Complete and in first-class condition. Owner left city. Cheap. Can be seen at Standard Oil Co., Pootung Wharf.

24364 J. 13

WANTED, second-hand cabinet victrola; must be in good condition. Apply to Box 472, THE CHINA PRESS.

24327 J. 5

TRUNK wardrobe, American make, for sale. Apply from 12-2, 14 Kiukiang Road Apt. Ulrich.

24321 J. 8

SMITH-FLYER. Must be cheap and in running order. State lowest price to Box 479, THE CHINA PRESS.

24324 J. 9

WANTED, Exchequer bonds (5%) for cash. State price to Box 482, THE CHINA PRESS.

24336 J. 9

FOR SALE, at less than cost price, American-made, 200 volts A. C. electric ceiling fans and oscillating desk fans. Absolutely new. For particulars apply to Box 417, THE CHINA PRESS.

24188 J. 27

FOR SALE 5 seater Hupmobile in good working order. Almost new tires and top, recently painted and overhauled. May be seen at the Central Garage by applying to Mr. Schlobum.

24299







# Financial And Commercial News

## Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, July 7, 1919.  
**Money And Bullion**  
**Sovereigns: buying rate**  
 @ 5/31=Ths. 2.78  
 @ exch. 74.9=Mex. \$5.05  
**Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,**  
 @ 1221=Ths. 81.80  
 @ exch. 74.9=Mex. \$109.21  
**Mex. Dollars: Market Rate:** 74.65  
**S'hai Gold Bars:** 978 touch Ths. 230  
**Copper Cash:** per tael 1678  
**Native Interest:** Ths. .12  
**Latest London Quotations**  
 Bar Silver ..... 63 7/8d.  
 Bank Rate of Discount ..... 6%  
 Ex. Paris on London ..... Fr. 30.40  
 Ex. New York on London T.T. G. \$4.66

## Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 5/31  
 London ..... Demand 5/31  
 India ..... Nom. T.T. 302 1/2  
 Paris ..... Nom. T.T. 79 1/2  
 Paris ..... Demand 79 1/2  
 New York ..... T.T. 122  
 New York ..... Demand 122 1/2  
 Hongkong ..... T.T. 46 1/2  
 Japan ..... T.T. 42 1/2  
 Batavia ..... T.T. 307  
 Singapore ..... T.T. 44 1/2

## Banks Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 5/31  
 London ..... 4 m/s. Cds. 5/53  
 London ..... 4 m/s. Docy. 5/6  
 London ..... 6 m/s. Cds. 5/6 1/2  
 London ..... 6 m/s. Docy. 5/6 1/2  
 Paris ..... Nom. 4 m/s. 86 1/2  
 New York ..... 6/d. Docy. 122 1/2  
 New York ..... 4 m/s. Docy. 129 1/2

## Roubles Exchange

**Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles**  
 Roubles 3,800 ..... =Ths. 100  
 Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. \$3.50

## CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE

**RATES FOR JULY**  
 Hk. Ths. 3.41 @ 5/31 ..... \$1  
 " 1 @ 7901 Francs ..... \$8.1  
 " 0.74 @ 1203 Gold ..... \$1  
 " 1 @ 42 Yen ..... 2.65  
 " 1 @ 15 Rupees ..... 4.40  
 " 1 @ 1.50 Mex. \$1.50  
 " 1 @ — Roubles —

## Stock Exchange

Shanghai, July 7, 1919.  
**TODAY'S QUOTATIONS**  
**Official**  
 Shanghai Docks Ths. 139.00 July  
 Shanghai Cotton Ths. 220.00 Sept.  
 Yangtzepoo Cotton Ths. 14.75 cash  
 Ths. 16.75  
 Ths. 16.65  
 Ths. 15.80 September  
 Ths. 15.65 September  
 Telephones Ths. 75.00  
**Unofficial**  
 Shanghai Cotton Ths. 220.00 Sept.  
 New Engineering Ths. 28.50 Sept.  
 Telephones Ths. 75.00  
 Kroewecks Ths. 10.75

## Sharebrokers' Association

Transactions

## Shanghai, July 7, 1919.

## BUSINESS DONE

**Official**  
 Anglo-Javas Ths. 8.00 cash  
 Hall and Holtz 7% Debs. @ Ths. 85.00 cash  
 Hall and Holtz \$12.50

## Shanghai Produce & Stock

Exchange Transactions

## Shanghai, July 7, 1919.

## BUSINESS DONE

Japanese Bond: 5% Ths. 38.20 September  
 Shanghai P. and S. Exchange Ths. 22.80 September  
 Japan-China S. and W. Co. Ths. 26.30 July  
 Ths. 26.30 August  
 Ths. 27.60 September  
 Yangtzepoo Cotton Mill Ths. 14.90 August  
 Local Yarn Water Moon 16's Ths. 197.80 July  
 Ths. 199.90 August  
 Ths. 201.00 September

## GOLD SHIPMENTS

(Reuter's Service)  
 New York, July 1.—Shipments of Gold from New York were as follows:  
 Calcutta ..... G.\$ 750,000  
 China ..... G.\$1,300,000  
 Japan ..... G.\$ 500,000

## LONDON MONEY MARKET

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 1.—Today's rates were as follows:  
 Consols, 2 1/2 percent for account ..... 453 1/2  
 French Rentes 3 percent for account ..... Frs. 62 1/2  
 Cheques on London at Paris ..... Frs. 29.80  
 Telegraphic Transfers on London at New York ..... G.\$4.60  
 Japanese 4 percent Bonds Y. 85  
 Rupee Paper, 2 1/2 percent Loan 1864-55 ..... Rs. 58 1/2  
 Bar Silver ..... 55d.  
 Bank Rate of Discount (3 month's Bank Bills) ..... 5 1/2%  
 Exchange Hongkong (Document Bills at 60 days) ..... 3s. 6 1/2d.  
 Exchange on Shanghai (Document Bills at 60 days) ..... 5s. 4d.  
 Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Shares ..... £106.00  
 Shells (ord.) ..... £10.00  
 Indos (Pref.) ..... £4.10  
 Indos (Def.) ..... £36.10

## COMMERCIAL CABLES

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 1.—Today's prices and deliveries were as follows:  
 Egyptian Cotton: Fully Good Fair Sakellaridis ..... 27.65d.  
 M. G. Fine Scinde and Bengal 15.20d.  
 Good Middling American Spot ..... 25.14d.  
 Plantation Rubber, July 1s. 9 1/2d.  
 Deliveries, China Silk ..... 222 bales  
 Deliveries, Canton Silk ..... 27 bales  
 Deliveries, Japan Silk ..... 251 bales

## FOR THE CHILDREN

**AMERICAN APPLE CIDER**  
 PURE SWEET WHOLESOME  
 Agents  
 Connell Bros. Co.

## U. K. METAL MARKET

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 1.—Today's Metal prices were as follows: £ s. d.  
 Standard Copper (C. M. B. f.o.b.) ..... 87 5 0  
 American Electrolytic 99 90 percent Copper f.o.b. 91 0 0  
 Lead L. B. c.i.f. per ton. Nominal  
 Soft Lead "Spanish" f.o.b. 22 5 0  
 Quicksilver, second hand ex warehouse f.o.b. (1/- extra in tank) ..... 18 15 0  
 Tinplates, I. C. W. 20/24 100 lbs. 112 sheets per case tin lined cases with-out hoops f.o.b. Wales ..... 33 1/2  
 Antimony "Regulus" (Sel-jers) ..... 45 0 0  
 Muntz Metal, f.o.b. London or Liverpool (less 1/2 percent) ..... 11 1/2  
 Standard Tin (cash) ..... 239 15 0  
 Spelter (ordy, soft) f.o.b. 29 0 0  
 Galvanised sheets 24 gauge f.o.b. ..... 27 10 0  
 Standard Tin (3 months) ..... 236 15 0

## PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, July 6.—(Via Lyons and Koukara).—The market has been a little dull this week but remains firm. Paris-London cheques ..... 30-40  
 Paris-New York ..... 658-663

## The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.  
 Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at  
 10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

# T. E. M. A. IMPORTERS AND ENGINEERS

2 North Soochow Road, Shanghai

beg to announce that they have been appointed

SOLE AGENTS

OF

# A. S. CAMERON STEAM PUMP WORKS NEW YORK

for the sale of their Pumps of all kinds, such as:

ARTESIAN WELL PUMPS

CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS

ELECTRIC PUMPS

FIRE PUMPS

IRRIGATION PUMPS

MARINE PUMPS

MINING PUMPS

OIL PUMPS

POWER PUMPS

SINKING PUMPS

TURBINE PUMPS

WATER WORKS PUMPS, ETC.



JUST UNPACKED!

# LATEST SUMMER HATS

FOR

# LADIES

Now displayed at

The Sincere Co., Ltd.

A large display of all kinds of  
 HAND-MADE LACE, EMBROIDERY  
 SILK, PONGEES, ETC.

Best quality at moderate prices.

# THE CATHAY LACE COMPANY

19, Nanking Road

**O.V.B.**

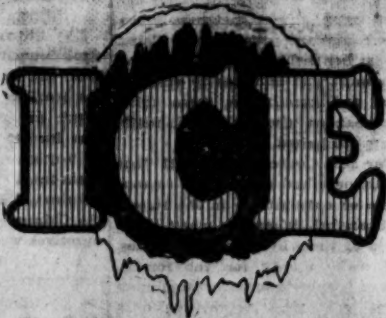
The Ideal Beverage  
 For The Summer

Gande, Price & Co., Agents

Would you drink  
 unfiltered water  
 from a creek?

Then why contaminate your food and  
 drink supply by storing them with ice  
 taken from filthy creeks and ponds?

USE  
 ONLY  
 PURE  
 MACHINE-  
 MADE



To be obtained only from:—

Shanghai Ice & Cold Storage Co., Ltd.

Ezra Building, 24 Nanking Road

Tel.: Cent. 662/63; after office hours, N. 663

WE DELIVER FREE ANYWHERE IN THE SETTLEMENTS  
 2 CENTS (MEX.) PER LB.



# PAINT NOW

Consult  
 our

# Contracting Department

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC.

8B Kianglee Road

SOLE AGENTS

Phone: Central 108



## The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR  
EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYSTHE CHINA PRESS Incorporated,  
Delaware, Publishers

## WEATHER

Expected cloudy and unsettled today.

## BIRTH

LITTLE: At Central Falls, Rhode Island, U. S. A., a son, to Mrs. L. K. Little, wife of L. K. Little, Chinese Maritime Customs. (Cable). 24366

## DEATH

BOTELHO: By cable. On July 6th, 1919, at Macao, Braz Joaquim Botelho, partner of the firm of Botelho Bros., of Hongkong, Shanghai and San Francisco, Calif. Deeply regretted. 24354

## IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JULY 8, 1919

## The North-China Daily News Advises The Press License Law Be Not Passed. We Agree

THE North-China Daily News defends the amendment to the municipal by-laws licensing the press and, defending it, advises that it be not passed: "suspended" is the word it uses, to be exact. Its reason for that conclusion is that the amendment is ill-timed. With the conclusion THE CHINA PRESS wholly agrees: the amendment is undoubtedly ill-timed; it always will be. With the defense THE CHINA PRESS agrees only in part.

That defense is based on two arguments. First, that the members of the Municipal Council are and always have been estimable men, well-intentioned, hard-working and unrewarded. Which nobody can deny or ever has denied, least of all THE CHINA PRESS. In fact, this paper has had occasion in the past to offer thanks for the contributions of the members of the Municipal Council to the welfare of this community, contributions made purely in a spirit of service. But even with such men there can be honest difference of opinion. There is such in this issue and THE CHINA PRESS has expressed it. Why then these injured tones from our contemporary? Second, the North-China Daily News' argument is summed up in this: "for responsibility."

## The American Army Papers

The American Expeditionary Force in France and Germany has its own newspapers, and some of them are very creditable publications. In a class by itself is The Stars and Stripes, the official journal. It has been strong on descriptions of the operations in France. The articles are well written, impartial, and trust-

worthy. An attempt is made to print all the news of the army and summaries of events at home. The Army Poets column contains the best verse produced in the overseas service. The editorial articles are not too serious, and always readable. No soldier wants to read what he calls "heavy stuff" in his service paper. Compared with the other army journals The Stars and Stripes is dignified and feels its responsibility. The names of the editors are not carried. It is declared to be "authorized by the Commander in Chief, A. E. F."

Most of the lesser publications are unpretentious, and the aim is to add luster to the commands they represent. The editors are generally enlisted men and non-commissioned officers. For instance, The Mehus News, published weekly by the ordnance troops, has a private for managing editor, two corporals for news editors, a corporal for staff cartoonist, and a sergeant for staff photographer. It is well printed on good paper. In its columns may occasionally be found letters from men on leave. In one of these communications Sergeant A. C. Prendergast writes from Ireland in a vein of discovery, evidently having fallen in love with its people:

"There is no adequate way to describe how hospitable, cordial and witty the Irish people are. Ask any American soldier back from his leave in Ireland, and he will tell you the Irish are just as funny as our theaters at home show them to be and twice as delightful."

The service papers are just now full of baseball. Everybody is playing the game. Boxing comes next in interest, with pictures of division champions. A Frenchman named Grassi had beaten eighteen boxers of the A. E. F., and when Corporal Joseph J. Murphy, headquarter company, 16th F. A., got a decision over this clever Frenchman great was the elation. The Skirmisher, published by the 4th U. S. Engineers, is one of the liveliest sheets in the army. As usual, the editors and workers are privates and non-coms. Dungenheim, Germany, is the place of publication. It prints a good many pictures and cartoons. In a recent issue its paragrapher defined shell shock as "the term applied to them-selves by various heroes who are merely suffering from a severe attack of 'stage fright.'" The medical faculty will hardly agree. Apparently shell shock as a disability is not popular in the army. This journal publishes much verse and well-illustrated articles describing the Rhine and Moselle country. Its editorial page would be creditable to a more ambitious publication.

The Third (Regular) Division is ably represented by The Watch on the Rhine, issued at Andernach, Germany. Baseball is well reported; there is plenty of verse by the army poets, there is a question and answer column, a good deal of correspondence, and humor is well represented.

## Correspondence

## The Muzzling Of The Press

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS  
Sir.—The other day it gave me much pleasure to contribute an effort of remonstrance against the proposed iniquitous deprivation of liberty which a frantic and autocratic Council wishes to inflict upon Shanghai.

In the meantime there appears to have been a strenuous and insidious campaign in the opposite direction, and we are daily being treated to effusions under the guise of sincere and independent criticisms, but which all bear the hall-mark of official inspiration or dictation.

In one paper Saturday there appeared a long diatribe against China, which at the best can only be described as a violent and vituperative anti-Chinese outburst, full of loathing and contempt for China and a belittlement of her efforts in the war, which after all were less self-interested than every war effort of Japan, the main cause of all the present turmoil.

In the meantime the Municipal Council has been pursuing its policy of attempting to muzzle the press. Unless the "electors" of Shanghai exert themselves there is every possibility of this extremely provocative measure being placed on the Municipal statute book.

The system of governing Shanghai is an anomaly, suitable possibly in the early days of the development of the Settlement, but today an utter farce. Here in Shanghai are a large number of intelligent foreigners who have the welfare of the town at heart, but who live in hotels and boarding houses. The price these people pay for existence, and therefore pay indirect taxation, is a heavy one, and consequently of much value to the Settlement. Yet these people have no voice in the administration of the town.

This is an International Settlement for the benefit of foreign manufacturers, merchants, and agents and as such these traders have an interest in the place, no matter whether they reside in London, New York or Shanghai, for it is the revenue attendant upon their trade which keeps the town going. If the local authorities by wanton oppression and unfair and repressive legislation create a situation demanding international intervention, it is the duty of the representatives of the interested foreign nations and foreign merchants and manufacturers to point out the danger of such digressions from just and common sense rule, whether they are voters or not.

Let us review the whole situation briefly:

Germany some years ago took Kiaochow, and based the excuse for the seizure upon the alleged murder of two of her subjects, Germany

was reached when the Chinese self-appointed Government were unable or unwilling to present a forcible and firm case at the peace table at Versailles, whereas Japan and Italy could immediately secure all that had once been refused them.

This hoodwinking of China was bound to be reflected in the sentiments of the people. The Big Powers at Paris failed to understand the situation and acted in a manner that has resulted in a very serious situation being established in China and the Far East generally; for this unwise vote at Versailles may result in complications at present undreamed of. The dominating Powers at the peace conference were England, America and France, and upon these three powers rests the responsibility for the future peace or otherwise of the Orient. The day has gone forever when any nation can be ruled by alien force; when a whole nation can be made subject to the will of an alien ruling power entirely out of sympathy with the whole nation being governed. The same argument applies in regard to Municipal Councils.

It is contended that Japan's claim to expansion had to be met. That being so, why did not England cede Australia to Japan, or America hand over California to Japanese rule? It is certainly as logical to suggest that one's own country should be willingly handed over to a foreign Power as it is to suggest that another's country should unwillingly be sacrificed.

If Australia or California had been voted to Japan is there one member of the Shanghai Municipal Council who thinks there would have been no riot in San Francisco or Sydney, and if there had been a riot that no force would have been used by the mobs? And if the Californian and Australian papers remonstrated against the cession of their country to a foreign Power would there not have been further riots all over the country in the event of laws being passed placing a permanent censorship on the press and a right of entry and seizure upon the premises and plant of all newspapers and printing houses?

Grave as was the error at Versailles in coming to provocative decisions in regard to China the Municipal Council of Shanghai rashly decided upon unwise measures when they refused to permit young China to vent her feelings. Men under the lash must yell at times to smother pain, and exactly the same thing must happen when a nation's sentiments are lashed.

For the Council to suggest that the Chinese had no right to remonstrate or demonstrate in the streets of Shanghai, where so many thousands of them live, work, pay taxes, and make money for the foreign trader, is sheer nonsense, based upon a too technical interpretation of a Settlement law that the Chinese are only "permitted" in the Municipality on sufferance. The Boer War was caused by oppressed and discontented Britishers living in the Transvaal under an unfair and unjust system of government. These Britishers demanded greater rights of franchise and of participation in the administration of the Rand, where so much of their capital and industry were expended. Demonstrations of protest culminated in the Jameson Raid, and finally in war.

For protesting in an infinitely milder form against an infinitely greater iniquity than did the British in the Transvaal the Chinese patriots are subjected to an abuse that is beyond comprehension to the impartial critic. The tearing down of their flags, of their personal emblems, the unnecessary display of military force, the curtailing of their natural rights to an inhuman degree, makes one think that there is little humanity or liberty left in organized administration when dealing with alien races. To be patriotic and to make an attempt to rise out of the mire of despair is made out to be a criminal thing if one is a Chinese; to remain in the mire is to be made the subject of loathing and ridicule.

The calculated insult in the speech of the British Assessor at the end of the inquiry into the death that took place when the police charged the procession of schoolboys was about the most ill-advised rhetorical effort that could have been made at this time, when tact and forbearance, and even sympathy, are needed. To accuse those unarmed schoolboys, who had been peaceably chaperoned through the French Concession by half a dozen police, of indulging in "bestial ferocity" showed a lack of perspective and wisdom so necessary in the mental outfit of a public official.

The Shanghai Municipal Council is in a sense a reflex of the Peking Government, inasmuch as it possesses powers technically vested in it by

an insignificant and unrepresentative proportion of the people. Like Peking, the Council thinks the best way to keep order and encourage progress is to spoon-feed the public with faked news, especially upon events of political importance. In effect it is contended if this ostler policy is good enough for the Chinese Government it should be good enough for Shanghai. It is an endorsement of the Chinese system of Government as practised by the mandarin of Peking.

In addition to the desired right of muzzling the press the Council wish to add that of the right of search and arrest. In the event of mistaken information and mistaken identity what redress would a subject have when negligently or maliciously persecuted? There certainly would be no hope of compensation or fair play in any shape or form, as a trial would have to take place in a court under the aegis of the Consular Body, supported by the testimony of the Municipal Council police, a council who had themselves been instrumental in passing these unjust laws.

Such articles as that wherein China has been derided and her work in the war belittled—where her coolies, who were the best workers and the least troublesome and most valuable of all the laborers at the front, have been vilified and spoken of in terms of base ingratitude—are calculated to maintain the fires of distrust existing in the minds of the Chinese to-day, added as they are to the policy of repression adopted by the Council.

The policy of the Council, when it wishes to enact a new ordinance, of hiring canvassers to call upon busy ratepayers, and getting these ratepayers to sign their acceptance of proposed legislation before the matter has been publicly discussed, is most insidious and reprehensible, and now that the suggested legislation has proved itself so unpopular it is to be hoped that all those who signed the document without fully realizing its purport will have the temerity and strength of character to retract and demand the cancellation of their signatures and approval.

R. C. ELLIOTT.  
Shanghai, July 5, 1919.

## A Chinese Paper On Press Censorship

(From The She Wan Pao)

The proposal made by the Municipal Council for the licensing of the press has been severely criticised by the local foreign newspapers. They speak not only for themselves but also for the Chinese.

They know that the freedom of the press must be respected and no discrimination should be made against the Chinese papers, and on behalf of ourselves we wish to point out:

(A) In the year 1898 nearly all the Northern provinces were involved in the Boxer trouble while the Southeastern region of this country remained as peaceful as ever. Friendly relations were maintained as usual and, except in the case of Chuchow, a small town in Chekiang where slight trouble occurred, no foreigners or foreign property were threatened or injured. Credit was then given to the provincial authorities but, as a matter of fact, it was due to the Chinese newspapers in Shanghai, for the newspapers called the attention of the people at large to the threatening character of the religious fanatics. The Boxers were then invariably termed "trouble-making moles" by the local Chinese press.

(B) "Whenever foreigners have come to ask for financial or charitable support, as in the case of the Red Cross and campaigns to raise subscriptions to national debts, the Chinese have never been slow in answering to the calls. Why? Because such movements are given the widest publicity in the Chinese newspapers and the Chinese people were urged by the press to come forward in response to the call. Publicity in the Chinese press bears for the foreigners—the best fruit. We think that not only the Municipal Council but all foreign residents of Shanghai are aware of this fact.

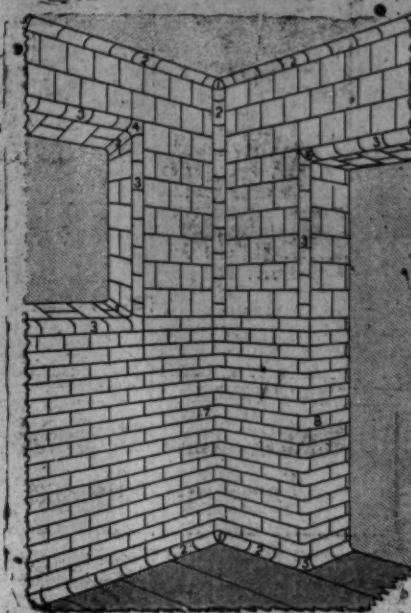
(C) Whenever trouble occurs in the Settlement, the Chinese newspapers have never failed in offering their advice in the most sober and peaceful manner to the Chinese people, with a view to preserve peace and order in the Settlements.

For instance, take the recent strikes of the students and merchants, and see what was the attitude of the Chinese newspapers. It can not be denied that they did do their utmost in exhorting the people not to take violent steps but to maintain the good will and friendship of the foreigners. Is this not another reason why the liberty of the Chinese press should be respected? It is our sincere wish that the ratepayers will take these three points into consideration.

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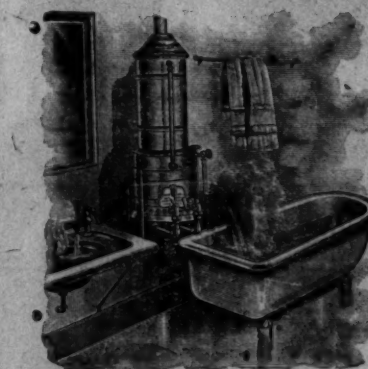
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## Bringing Up Father



By George McManus



## Mexico, Land Of Holidays, Strange Toys, And Stranger Customs

The smallest rag dolls in the world are made in Mexico. Some of them are only a fourth of an inch in height, and yet every feature and all the different parts of the body are perfect and in proper proportion. Also, they are all carefully dressed, some of them in elaborate costumes. This is one of the things told in a volume of sketches by Mercedes Gobydy, entitled "When

I Was a Girl in Mexico" (Lothrop, Lee and Shepard Co.) and dealing particularly with Mexican child-life. The author was born in Mexico City and lived there until she became a young lady, and the things she tells are largely her own experiences. It appears that Mexican children are much like youngsters anywhere else in the world, but some of the ways they

have of amusing themselves naturally differ from those of American children. For instance, speaking further of objects with which youthful Mexicans play, the author tells of dressed-up fleas, which are prepared by the Mexican Indians. "They have to be seen through a magnifying-glass to appreciate the work and patience it must take to prepare them," she says. "The dead fleas stand in tiny paper boxes, and are each dressed in various colors and styles." Owing to the number of saints recognized by the Mexicans, each commemorated by a holiday and appropriate festivities, it would seem that the country should be a very paradise for children, and so apparently it is. We read:

"The holidays commemorating the different saints are not legal holidays, so that public offices and stores remain open on such occasions; still the churches observe them, and also many families and even some business houses. Some of the principal holidays are those of St. Joseph, St. Francis, Virgin of Guadalupe, and the Immaculate Conception. Every one celebrates his saint's day instead of his birthday, and as these days are always well known by friends, it is the custom to send presents and flowers at such times, and we children received toys and other gifts."

"Each city district has its patron saint, for whom the church in that locality is usually named. The day of this saint is celebrated by illuminating the streets and giving open-air concerts in the parks of that district, and stands are also erected on the streets

where sweetmeats, cakes, fruit, and toys are sold.

"On Holy Saturday in the morning at ten o'clock, the burning of 'Judas' takes place. This custom is observed a great deal, and more so in Mexico City than elsewhere. Toys made of cardboard representing men and animals, and having firecrackers fastened to them, are sold in great quantities to children, who suspend these figures in the courtyards or corridors of their homes. At the stroke of ten, when the church-bells are heard, the children light and burn them. In some streets the laboring classes hang up large figures, sometimes even six or seven feet high, made of straw or rags and dressed to represent men. These, also contain firecrackers and have fireworks attached to them. It is needless to say that there is a deafening noise when the burning of 'Judas' occurs, something which we when children used so much to enjoy seeing and hearing."

It seems that Christmas is not celebrated in Mexico as it is in the United States. There is a time for the giving of presents, but it comes in the first month of the year instead of the last. Of the festivities on this occasion it is said:

"Presents are given on New Year's day to the grown-up persons and toys and other gifts to the children on Kings' day, January 6. The Kings home the Mexican Santa Claus, and are supposed to bring toys to the little ones. On that day a party is given for children, a large cake being placed on the table, in the center of all the other sweetmeats. This special cake contains a bean, and if a girl gets it she is the queen and selects a king from among the boys present, while if, on the other hand, the bean falls to a boy, he chooses the queen, and I was that lucky person at one of these parties that I attended. The king is supposed to give, a few days later, a party or picnic to all those who had attended, so, of course, we children loved this party, as in reality it meant two parties."

Mexico is the only country in North America with a history and legends of a civilization reaching back into a remote antiquity. While that civilization virtually came to an end with the conquest of Mexico by Cortez, its influence has remained, and there are many reminders of it in the Mexico of today. Of these, the celebrated sacrificial stone and the Aztec calendar are referred to as follows by Miss Gobydy:

"The Aztec calendar is well known all over the Republic. It is a large, round stone with carvings of Aztec designs, and is supposed to be the calendar of those ancient times. Numerous other carved stones and antiquities are also seen there. Another notable relic is what is known as the Sacrificial Stone, being a huge round and weighty slab with carvings on the upper portion and on the sides and with a round cavity on top where it was said that the heart of the victim to be sacrificed was cut out of the body, the blood being allowed to flow

along a duct carved out in the stone. We children used to look at that stone with fright and horror. What attracted most the attention of us young people were the toys used by the Aztec children and which are also on exhibition in the National Museum."

It is said that about Mexico City are many suburbs which are interesting because they are more than anything else, typical of Mexico. The houses are surrounded by gardens or are of old Spanish architecture with interior courtyards. Some people live in the suburbs only a part of the year while others live there all the time. One of the most important of these suburbs is Guadalupe, of which place we read the following:

"The Virgin of Guadalupe is the patron saint of Mexico. There is a well known legend about her apparition. It is said that she appeared to an Indian, Juan Diego, who, terribly frightened, ran to tell it to the bishop, who, of course, did not believe him. The Indian then returned for the second time to the same spot and the Virgin appeared again, and told him that this time the bishop would believe him. Her imprint was made on his cloak, or *ayate*. The bishop was then convinced, and as Juan Diego told him that the Virgin wanted a church erected on the spot where she appeared, a beautiful shrine was built, which now has been enlarged, and is one of the best churches in the Republic. Its altar-drapings are of solid silver and it contains many other costly ornaments. "Near this church is a well, the water of which is said to cure some diseases, and many people, mostly Indians, fill jars and bottles which they take home to use as a remedy. On a hill there is a small house, the walls of which are all covered with pieces of broken glass, of all colors, shapes, and sizes, making it look very quaint. On top of the hill is a cemetery where many of Mexico's illustrious men have been buried. Below in the square near the church may be seen many Indian women making and selling tiny *fiatlas*, or cakes, made of ground fresh corn, which they grind in a *metate* made of stone with three stone supports and having a handle likewise made of stone. We children used to love to buy and eat the *fiatlas* while still warm."

"Guadalupe is seldom omitted by the sightseers as its legend and church are well known all over the country, and

ous places of interest, all these being very much sought by the sightseers or tourist."

No account of life in Mexico would be complete without some reference to the favorite sport of the country, the bull-fight. A part of her time in Mexico was spent by the author in Guatemala City. In this city she witnessed a bull-fight and met a bull-fighter, and writes thereof:

"Mazzantini, the great Spanish bull-fighter, gave several performances. He made the trip on the same steamer that my family and I took from Salina Cruz, Mexico, to San Jose, Guatemala. In that way we met him and liked him very much. He was not of the ordinary class, like most bull-fighters, but belonged to a well known Spanish family, and was well educated and refined. When he was a boy he took such a liking to this sport of *torero* that he followed it as a profession. I know that upon his return to Spain, his wife having died, he left off bull-fighting and was elected a member of the Common Council of Madrid."

"Beautiful gowns and hats are seen at these bull-fights. The young ladies that are selected to be queens wear the Spanish *mantilla* (white or black Spanish lace) over their heads, becomingly arranged with bright flowers and high combs. The Indian girls wear their best, brilliant shawls of all colors, some of these having long fringe and embroidery. All this adds greatly to the spectacle along the streets, thronged with gaiety and life, leading to the bull-ring, which I enjoyed seeing, though I am not a partisan of that sport."

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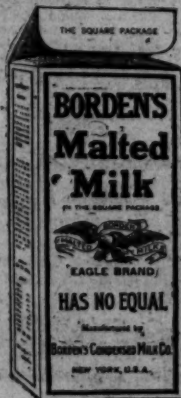
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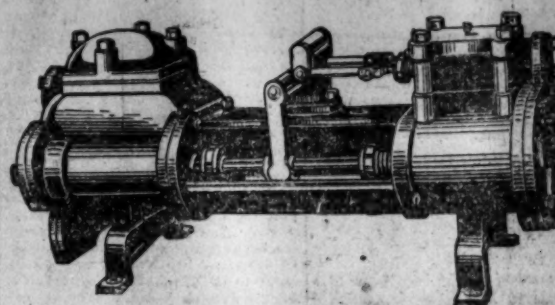
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## DEATH

BOTELHO: By cable. On July 6th, 1919, at Macao, Braz Joaquim Botelho, partner of the firm of Botelho Bros., of Hongkong, Shanghai and San Francisco, Calif. Deeply regretted. 24354

## IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JULY 8, 1919

## The North-China Daily News Advises The Press License Law Be Not Passed. We Agree

THE North-China Daily News defends the amendment to the municipal by-laws licensing the press and, defending it, advises that it be not passed: "suspended" is the word it uses, to be exact. Its reason for that conclusion is that the amendment is ill-timed. With the conclusion THE CHINA PRESS wholly agrees: the amendment is undoubtedly ill-timed; it always will be. With the defense THE CHINA PRESS agrees only in part.

That defense is based on two arguments. First, that the members of the Municipal Council are and always have been estimable men, well-intentioned, hard-working and unrewarded. Which nobody can deny or ever has denied, least of all THE CHINA PRESS. In fact, this paper has had occasion in the past to offer thanks for the contributions of the members of the Municipal Council to the welfare of this community, contributions made purely in a spirit of service. But even with such men there can be honest difference of opinion. There is such in this issue and THE CHINA PRESS has expressed it. Why then these injured tones from our contemporary? Second, the North-China Daily News' argument is summed up in this: "For responsible

## The American Army Papers

The American Expeditionary Force in France and Germany has its own newspapers, and some of them are very creditable publications. In a class by itself is The Stars and Stripes, the official journal. It has been strong on descriptions of the operations in France. The articles are well written, impartial, and trustworthy. An attempt is made to print all the news of the army and summaries of events at home. The Army Poets column contains the best verse produced in the overseas service. The editorial articles are not too serious, and always readable. No soldier wants to read what he calls "heavy stuff" in his service paper. Compared with the other army journals The Stars and Stripes is dignified and feels its responsibility. The names of the editors are not carried. It is declared to be "authorized by the Commander in Chief, A. E. F."

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"There is no adequate way to describe how hospitable, cordial and witty the Irish people are. Ask any American soldier back from his leave in Ireland, and he will tell you the Irish are just as funny as our teachers at home show them to be and twice as delightful."

The service papers are just now full of baseball. Everybody is playing the game. Boxing comes next in interest, with pictures of division champions. A Frenchman named Grassi had beaten eighteen boxers of the A. E. F., and when Corporal Joseph J. Murphy, headquarter Company, 76th F. A., got a decision over this clever Frenchman great was the elation. The Skirmisher, published by the 4th U. S. Engineers, is one of the liveliest sheets in the army. As usual, the editors and workers are privates and non-coms. Dungenheim, Germany, is the place of publication. It prints a good many pictures and cartoons. In a recent issue its paragraph defined shell shock as "the term applied to themselves by various heroes who are merely suffering from a severe attack of 'stage fright'." The medical faculty will hardly agree. Apparently shell shock as a disability is not popular in the army. This journal publishes much verse and well-illustrated articles describing the Rhine and Moselle country. Its editorial page would be creditable to a more ambitious publication.

The Third (Regular) Division is ably represented by The Watch on the Rhine, issued at Andernach, Germany. Baseball is well reported; there is plenty of verse by the army poets; there is a question and answer column, a good deal of correspondence, and humor is well represented.

## Correspondence

## The Muzzling Of The Press

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS  
SIR—The other day it gave me much pleasure to contribute an effort of remonstrance against the proposed iniquitous deprivation of liberty which a frantic and autocratic Council wishes to inflict upon Shanghai.

In the meantime there appears to have been a strenuous and insidious campaign in the opposite direction, and we are daily being treated to effusions under the guise of sincere and independent criticisms, but which all bear the hall-mark of official inspiration or dictation.

In one paper Saturday there appeared a long diatribe against China, which at the best can only be described as a violent and vituperative anti-Chinese outburst, full of loathing and contempt for China and a belittlement of her efforts in the war, which after all were less self-interested than every war effort of Japan, the main cause of all the present turmoil.

In the meantime the Municipal Council has been pursuing its policy of attempting to muzzle the press. Unless the "electors" of Shanghai exert themselves there is every possibility of this extremely provocative measure being placed on the Municipal statute book.

The system of governing Shanghai is an anomaly, suitable possibly in the early days of the development of the Settlement, but today an utter farce. Here in Shanghai are a large number of intelligent foreigners who have the welfare of the town at heart, but who live in hotels and boarding houses. The price these people pay for existence, and therefore pay indirect taxation, is a heavy one, and consequently of much value to the Settlement. Yet these people have no voice in the administration of the town.

This is an International Settlement for the benefit of foreign manufacturers, merchants, and agents and as such these traders have an interest in the place, no matter whether they reside in London, New York or Shanghai, for it is the revenue attendant upon their trade which keeps the town going. If the local authorities by wanton oppression and unfair and repressive legislation create a situation demanding international intervention, it is the duty of the representatives of the interested foreign nations and foreign merchants and manufacturers to point out the danger of such digressions from just and common sense rule, whether they are voters or not.

Let us review the whole situation briefly:

Germany some years ago took Kiaochow, and based the excuse for the seizure upon the alleged murder of two of her subjects, Germany

was reached when the Chinese self-appointed Government were unable or unwilling to present a forcible and firm case at the peace table at Versailles, whereas Japan and Italy could immediately secure all that had once been refused them.

This hoodwinking of China was bound to be reflected in the sentiments of the people. The Big Powers at Paris failed to understand the situation and acted in a manner that has resulted in a very serious situation being established in China and the Far East generally; for this unwise vote at Versailles may result in complications at present undreamed of. The dominating Powers at the peace conference were England, America and France, and upon these three powers rests the responsibilities for the future peace or otherwise of the Orient. The day has gone forever when any nation can be ruled by alien force; when a whole nation can be made subject to the will of an alien ruling power entirely out of sympathy with the whole nation being governed. The same argument applies in regard to Municipal Councils.

It is contended that Japan's claim to expansion had to be met. That being so, why did not England cede Australia to Japan, or America hand over California to Japanese rule? It is certainly as logical to suggest that one's own country should be willingly handed over to a foreign Power as it is to suggest that another's country should unwillingly be sacrificed.

If Australia or California had been voted to Japan is there one member of the Shanghai Municipal Council who thinks there would have been no riot in San Francisco or Sydney, and if there had been a riot that no force would have been used by the mobs? And if the Californian and Australian papers remonstrated against the cession of their country to a foreign Power would there not have been further riots all over the country in the event of laws being passed placing a permanent censorship on the press and a right of entry and seizure upon the premises and plant of all newspapers and printing houses?

Grave as was the error at Versailles in coming to provocative decisions in regard to China the Municipal Council of Shanghai rashly decided upon similar measures when they refused to permit young China to vent her feelings. Men under the lash must yell at times to smother pain, and exactly the same thing must happen when a nation's sentiments are lashed.

For the Council to suggest that the Chinese had no right to remonstrate or demonstrate in the streets of Shanghai, where so many thousands of them live, work, pay taxes, and make money for the foreign trader, is sheer nonsense, based upon a too technical interpretation of a Settlement law that the Chinese are only "permitted" in the Municipality on sufferance. The Boer War was caused by oppressed and discontented Britishers living in the Transvaal under an unfair and unjust system of government. These Britishers demanded greater rights of franchise and of participation in the administration of the Rand, where so much of their capital and industry were expended. Demonstrations of protest culminated in the Jameson Raid, and finally in war.

For protesting in an infinitely milder form against an infinitely greater iniquity than did the British in the Transvaal the Chinese patriots are subjected to an abuse that is beyond comprehension to the impartial critic. The tearing down of their flags, of their personal emblems, the unnecessary display of military force, the curtailing of their natural rights to an inhuman degree, makes one think that there is little humanity or liberty left in organized administration when dealing with alien races. To be patriotic and to make an attempt to rise out of the mire of despair is made out to be a criminal thing if one is a Chinese; to remain in the mire is to be made the subject of loathing and ridicule.

The calculated insult in the speech of the British Assessor at the end of the inquiry into the death that took place when the police charged the procession of schoolboys was about the most ill-advised rhetorical effort that could have been made at this time, when tact and forbearance, and even sympathy, are needed. To accuse those unarmed schoolboys, who had been peaceably chaperoned through the French Concession by half a dozen police, of indulging in "bestial ferocity" showed a lack of perspective and wisdom so necessary in the mental outfit of a public official.

The Shanghai Municipal Council is in a sense a reflex of the Peking Government, inasmuch as it possesses powers technically vested in it by

an insignificant and unrepresentative proportion of the people. Like Peking, the Council thinks the best way to keep order and encourage progress is to spoon-feed the public with faked news, especially upon events of political importance. In effect it is contended if this ostrich policy is good enough for the Chinese Government it should be good enough for Shanghai. It is an endorsement of the Chinese system of Government as practised by the mandarins of Peking.

In addition to the desired right of muzzling the press the Council wish to add that of the right of search and arrest. In the event of mistaken information and mistaken identity what redress would a subject have when negligently or maliciously persecuted? There certainly would be no hope of compensation or fair play in any shape or form, as trial would have to take place in a court under the aegis of the Consular Body, supported by the testimony of the Municipal Council police, a council who had themselves been instrumental in passing these unjust laws.

Such articles as that wherein China has been derided and her work in the war belittled—where her coolies, who were the best workers and the least troublesome and most valuable of all the laborers at the front, have been vilified and spoken of in terms of base ingratitude—are calculated to maintain the fires of distrust existing in the minds of the Chinese to-day, added as they are to the policy of repression adopted by the Council.

The policy of the Council, when it wishes to enact a new ordinance, or hiring canvassers to call upon busy ratepayers, and getting these ratepayers to sign their acceptance of proposed legislation before the matter has been publicly discussed, is most insidious and reprehensible, and now that the suggested legislation has proved itself so unpopular it is to be hoped that all those who signed the document without fully realizing its purport will have the temerity and strength of character to retract and demand the cancellation of their signatures and approval.

R. C. ELLIOTT.

Shanghai, July 5, 1919.

## A Chinese Paper On Press Censorship

(From The Sin Wen Pao)

The proposal made by the Municipal Council for the licensing of the press has been severely criticised by the local foreign newspapers. They speak not only for themselves but also for the Chinese.

They know that the freedom of the press must be respected and no discrimination should be made against the Chinese papers, and on behalf of ourselves we wish to point out:

(A) In the year 1898 nearly all the Northern Provinces were involved in the Boxer trouble while the Southeastern region of this country remained as peaceful as ever. Friendly relations were maintained as usual, and except in the case of Chuchow, a small town in Chekiang where slight trouble occurred, no foreigners or foreign property were threatened or injured. Credit was then given to the provincial authorities but, as a matter of fact, it was due to the Chinese newspapers in Shanghai, for the newspapers called the attention of the people at large to the threatening character of the religious fakers. The Boxers were then invariably termed "trouble-making moles" by the local Chinese press.

(B) Whenever foreigners have come to ask for financial or charitable support, as in the case of the Red Cross and campaigns to raise subscriptions to national debts, the Chinese have never been slow in answering to the calls. Why? Because such movements are given the widest publicity in the Chinese newspapers and the Chinese people were urged by the press to come forward in response to the call. Publicity in the Chinese press bears for the foreigners the best fruit. We think that not only the Municipal Council but all foreign residents of Shanghai are aware of this fact.

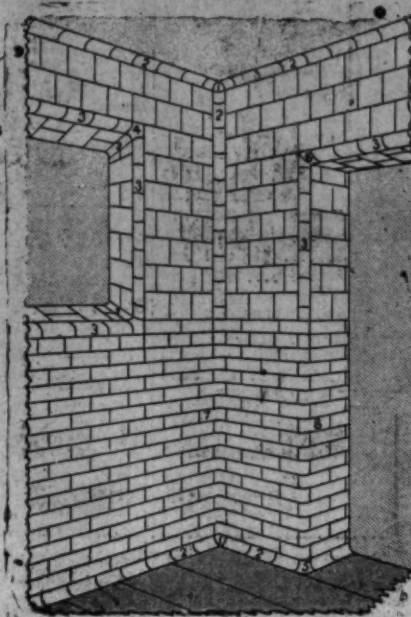
(C) Whenever trouble occurs in the Settlement, the Chinese newspapers have never failed in offering their advice in the most sober and peaceful manner to the Chinese people, with a view to preserve peace and order in the Settlements.

For instance, take the recent strikes of the students and merchants, and see what was the attitude of the Chinese newspapers. It can not be denied that they did do their utmost in exhorting the people not to take violent steps but to maintain the good will and friendship of the foreigners. Is this not another reason why the liberty of the Chinese press should be respected?

It is our sincere wish that the ratepayers will take these three points into consideration.

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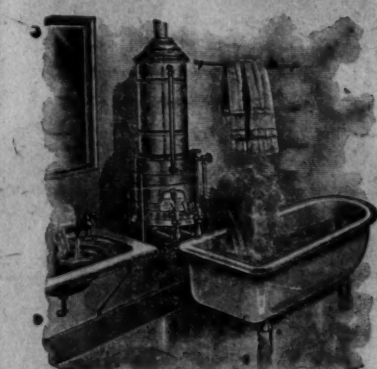
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## Bringing Up Father

By George McManus



## Mexico, Land Of Holidays, Strange Toys, And Stranger Customs

The smallest rag dolls in the world are made in Mexico. Some of them are only a fourth of an inch in height, and yet every feature and all the different parts of the body are perfect and in proper proportion. Also, they are all carefully dressed, some of them in elaborate costumes. This is one of the things told in a volume of sketches by Mercedes Gobody, entitled "When

I Was a Girl in Mexico" (Lothrop, Lee and Shepard Co.) and dealing particularly with Mexican child-life. The author was born in Mexico City and lived there until she became a young lady, and the things she tells are largely her own experiences. It appears that Mexican children are much like youngsters anywhere else in the world, but some of the ways they

have of amusing themselves naturally differ from those of American children. For instance, speaking further of objects with which youthful Mexicans play, the author tells of dressed-up fleas, which are prepared by the Mexican Indians. They have to be seen through a magnifying-glass to appreciate the work and patience it must take to prepare them," she says. The dead fleas stand in tiny paper boxes, and are each dressed in various colors and styles. "Owing to the number of saints recognized by the Mexicans, each commemorated by a holiday and appropriate festivities, it would seem that the country should be a very paradise for children, and so apparently it is. We read:

"The holidays commemorating the different saints are not legal holidays, so that public offices and stores remain open on such occasions; still the churches observe them, and also many families and even some business houses. Some of the principal holidays are those of St. Joseph, St. Francis, Virgin of Guadalupe, and the Immaculate Conception. Every one celebrates his saint's day instead of his birthday, and as these days are always well known by friends, it is the custom to send presents and flowers at such times, and we children received toys and other gifts.

"Each city district has its patron saint, for whom the church in that locality is usually named. The day of this saint is celebrated by illuminating the streets and giving open-air concerts in the parks of that district, and stands are also erected on the streets

where sweetmeats, cakes, fruit, and toys are sold.

"On Holy Saturday in the morning at ten o'clock, the burning of 'Judas' takes place. This custom is observed a great deal, and more so in Mexico City than elsewhere. Toys made of cardboard representing men and animals, and having firecrackers fastened to them, are sold in great quantities to children, who suspend these figures in the courtyards or corridors of their homes. At the stroke of ten, when the church-bells are heard, the children light and burn them. In some streets the laboring classes hang up large figures, sometimes even six or seven feet high, made of straw or rags and dressed to represent men. These also contain firecrackers and have fireworks attached to them. It is needless to say that there is a deafening noise when the burning of 'Judas' occurs, something which we when children used so much to enjoy seeing and hearing."

It seems that Christmas is not celebrated in Mexico as it is in the United States. There is a time for the giving of presents, but it comes in the first month of the year instead of the last. Of the festivities on this occasion it is said:

"Presents are given on New Year's day to the grown-up persons and toys and other gifts to the children on Kings' day, January 6. The Kings are the Mexican Santa Claus and are supposed to bring toys to the little ones. On that day a party is given for children, a large cake being placed on the table, in the center of all the other sweetmeats. This special cake contains a bean, and if a girl gets it she is the queen and selects a king from among the boys present, while if, on the other hand, the bean falls to a boy, he chooses the queen, and I was that lucky person at one of these parties that I attended. The king is supposed to give, a few days later, a party or picnic to all those who had attended, so, of course, we children loved this party, as in reality it meant two parties."

Mexico is the only country in North America with a history and legends of a civilization reaching back into a remote antiquity. While that civilization virtually came to an end with the conquest of Mexico by Cortez, its influence has remained, and there are many reminders of it in the Mexico of today. Of these, the celebrated sacrificial stone and the Aztec calendar are referred to as follows by Miss Gobody:

"The Aztec calendar is well known all over the Republic. It is a large, round stone with carvings of Aztec designs, and is supposed to be the calendar of those ancient times. Numerous other carved stones and antiquities are also seen there. Another notable relic is what is known as the Sacrificial Stone, being a huge round and weighty slab with carvings on the upper portion and on the sides and with a round cavity on top where it was said that the heart of the victim to be sacrificed was cut out of the body, the blood being allowed to flow

along a duct carved out in the stone. We children used to look at that stone with fright and horror. What attracted most the attention of us young people were the toys used by the Aztec children and which are also on exhibition in the National Museum."

It is said that about Mexico City are many suburbs which are interesting because they are more than anything else, typical of Mexico. The houses are surrounded by gardens or one of old Spanish architecture with interior courtyards. Some people live in the suburbs only a part of the year while others live there all the time. One of the most important of these suburbs is Guadalupe, of which place we read the following:

"The Virgin of Guadalupe is the patron saint of Mexico. There is a well known legend about her apparition. It is said that she appeared to an Indian, Juan Diego, who, terribly frightened, ran to tell it to the bishop, who, of course, did not believe him. The Indian then returned for the second time to the same spot and the Virgin appeared again, and told him that this time the bishop would believe him. Her imprint was made on his cloak, or apron. The bishop was then convinced, and as Juan Diego told him that the Virgin wanted a church erected on the spot where she appeared, a beautiful shrine was built, which now has been enlarged, and is one of the best churches in the Republic. Its altar-railings are of solid silver and it contains many other costly ornaments.

"Near this church is a well, the water of which is said to cure some diseases, and many people, mostly Indians, fill jars and bottles which they take home to use as a remedy. On a hill there is a small house, the walls of which are all covered with pieces of broken glass, of all colors, shapes, and sizes, making it look very quaint. On top of the hill is a cemetery where many of Mexico's illustrious men have been buried. Below in the square near the church may be seen many Indian women making and selling tiny far-fallas, or cakes, made of ground fresh corn, which they grind in a metate made of stone with three stone supports and having a handle likewise made of stone. We children used to love to buy and eat the far-fallas while still warm."

"Guadalupe is seldom omitted by the sightseers as its legend and church are well known all over the country, and

ous places of interest, all these being very much sought by the sightseers or tourist."

No account of life in Mexico would be complete without some reference to the favorite sport of the country, the bull-fight. A part of her time in Mexico was spent by the author in Guatemala City. In this city she witnessed a bull-fight and met a bull-fighter, and writes thereof:

"Mazantini, the great Spanish bull-fighter, gave several performances. He made the trip on the same steamer that my family and I took from Salina Cruz, Mexico, to San Jose, Guatemala. In that way we met him and liked him very much. He was not of the ordinary class, like most bull-fighters, but belonged to a well known Spanish family, and was well educated and refined. When he was a boy he took such a liking to this sport of torero that he followed it as a profession. I know that upon his return to Spain, his wife having died, he left off bull-fighting and was elected a member of the Common Council of Madrid."

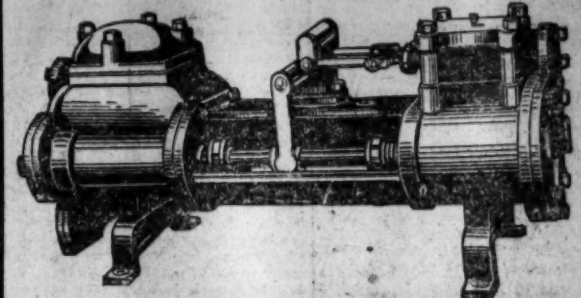
"Beautiful gowns and hats are seen at these bull-fights. The young ladies that are selected to be queens wear the Spanish mantilla (white or black Spanish lace) over their heads, becomingly arranged with bright flowers and high combs. The Indian girls wear their best, brilliant shawls of all colors, some of these having long fringe and embroidery. All this adds greatly to the spectacle along the streets, thronged with gaiety and life, leading to the bull-ring, which I enjoyed seeing, though I am not a partisan of that sport."

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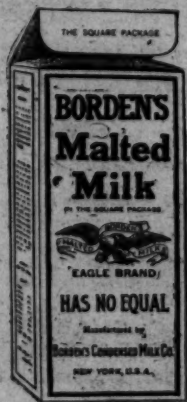
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**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tuckoo, 3,776 tons, Captain Campbell, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, July 8, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The Co's Steamer Shantung Maru, Captain J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on Tuesday, July 8, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA, No. 5 The Bund.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The S.S. Kiangtong, Captain Johannessen, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The Co's Steamer Tachung Maru, Captain Y. Taniguchi, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Pootung Wharf on Wednesday, July 9, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA, No. 5 The Bund.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Wuchang, Captain Rickard, will leave on Wednesday, July 9, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents Tel. No. 77.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tatung, Captain C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, July 10, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The Co's Steamer Tachung Maru, Captain H. Yamashita, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Pootung Wharf on Friday, July 11, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA, No. 5 The Bund.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Lucy, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, July 11, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Chartered Str. Hualoo, 1,151 tons, Capt. Olsen, will leave on Friday, July 11, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Woosung, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, July 12, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

## For Southern Ports

**WENCHOW.**—The Str. Kwangchi, Captain W. Phillips, will leave on Tuesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

**HONGKONG & CANTON.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sinkiang, Captain G. W. Eddy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, July 8, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**HONGKONG & CANTON.**—The Str. Tientsin, Captain C. Westerland, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

**FOOCHOW.**—The Str. Haena, Captain F. H. Wallace, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

**Ningpo.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hsin Peking, Captain A. Stott R. N. R., will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, July 9, at 5:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Suiyang, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, July 10, at 9 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**TAKAO (PELOSANG) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.**—The Str. Keelung Maru, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtsze Wharf on July 16, at 12 o'clock midnight. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at 12 o'clock on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4047.

**HONGKONG.**—The Str. Canada Maru, Captain T. Nemoto, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtsze Wharf on August 19, at 12 o'clock midnight. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom Jetty at 12 o'clock on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

## For Northern Ports

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**WEIHAWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shantung, Captain Northcote, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, July 8, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.**—The Str. Hsinming, Captain Mackintosh, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

**TIEN-TSIN.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Yunnan, Captain J. B. Evans, will leave on Wednesday, July 9, at 9 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents Tel. No. 77.

**WEIHAWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shengking, Captain K. E. Tuebben, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, July 10, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**ANTUNG.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Kwelin, Captain A. McDowell, will leave on Thursday, July 10, at 9 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents Tel. No. 77.

**CHINGTAO.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Yingchow, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, July 12, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**WEIHAWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Fentien, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, July 12, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Lucy, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, July 11, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Chartered Str. Hualoo, 1,151 tons, Capt. Olsen, will leave on Friday, July 11, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Woosung, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, July 12, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**WENCHOW.**—The Str. Kwangchi, Captain W. Phillips, will leave on Tuesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

**HONGKONG & CANTON.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sinkiang, Captain G. W. Eddy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, July 8, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**HONGKONG & CANTON.**—The Str. Tientsin, Captain C. Westerland, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

**FOOCHOW.**—The Str. Haena, Captain F. H. Wallace, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

**Ningpo.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hsin Peking, Captain A. Stott R. N. R., will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, July 9, at 5:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.**—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Suiyang, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, July 10, at 9 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**TAKAO (PELOSANG) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.**—The Str. Keelung Maru, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtsze Wharf on July 16, at 12 o'clock midnight. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at 12 o'clock on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4047.

**TIEN-TSIN and DAIREN.**—The Steamer Kohoku Maru, Captain M. Tanaka, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtsze Wharf on July 20, at 12 o'clock midnight. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at 12 o'clock on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

## For Foreign Ports

**TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIZU & YOKOHAMA.**—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Arabia Maru, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched on Tuesday, July 20, through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at 12 o'clock on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

**TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIZU & YOKOHAMA.**—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Manila Maru, Captain N. Kobayashi, will be despatched on Thursday, July 24, through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at 12 o'clock on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4047.

**LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES & ANTWERP.**—The Steamer Amazon Maru, Captain A. Kobayashi, will be despatched from the Co's No. 9 Buoy on August 8. For Freight, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

**LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES & ANTWERP.**—The Steamer Altai Maru, Captain T. Fuchigami, will be despatched from the Co's No. 9 Buoy on August 8. For Freight, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

**LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES & ANTWERP.**—The Steamer Altai Maru, Captain T. Fuchigami, will be despatched from the Co's No. 9 Buoy on August 8. For Freight, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

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# C. N. C.

## CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

### YANGTZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.

#### FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Woosung, Loenai, Nankin, Poyang, Tatung, Wuchang and Chungking.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight (except Chungking which sails from Pootung at midnight). These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For WEIHAWEI, CHEFOO and TIEN-TSIN (and Peking via TIEN-TSIN).—S.S. Tangchow, Fengtien, Shantung and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunming, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singau and Xinfong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4:30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

## BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE

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Passage: Telephone Central 401.

# PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

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#### "ECUADOR" "VENEZUELA" "COLOMBIA"

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (Subject to Change)

| For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu | For Hongkong via Manila         |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| S.S. West Sequana ..... July 13                   | S.S. West Comab ..... July 13   |
| S.S. Ecuador ..... July 19                        | S.S. Colombia ..... July 26     |
| S.S. Venezuela ..... Aug. 5                       | S.S. West Vaca ..... Aug. 5     |
| S.S. Colombia ..... Aug. 18                       | S.S. Venezuela ..... Aug. 23    |
| S.S. West Vaca ..... Sept. 1                      | S.S. West Sequana ..... Sept. 1 |
| S.S. Venezuela ..... Sept. 13                     | S.S. Ecuador ..... Sept. 20     |

\*Cargo only  
Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

# EAST INDIA SERVICE

## "COLUSA" "SANTA CRUZ"

SAILINGS FROM MANILA (Subject to Change)

| For Saigon, Singapore, Calcutta and Colombo | For San Francisco via Honolulu |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| S.S. Colusa ..... July 10                   | S.S. Santa Cruz ..... July 10  |

# PANAMA SERVICE

## Regular Sailings from San Francisco

### MEXICO-CENTRAL AMERICA-PANAMA

#### Safety and comfort of passengers our first consideration. For information of freight or passage apply to

#### PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY

#### 1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.

#### Telephone Central 9055 Cable Address "Solano"

## VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

| Date    | From            | Ship's Name    | Flag            | Agents          |
|---------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| May 12  | San Francisco   | Korona         | Am.             | Br. M. & Co.    |
| May 15  | San Francisco   | Yokohama Maru  | Jap.            | Br. M. & Co.    |
| May 23  | San Francisco   | Wendland       | Am.             | Br. M. & Co.    |
| June 9  | San Francisco   | Nancy Moller   | Br. M. & Co.    | Br. M. & Co.    |
| June 17 | Cruise          | Pacific        | Br. M. & Co.    | Br. M. & Co.    |
| June 19 | Japan           | Toku Maru      | Jap.            | Br. M. & Co.    |
| June 21 | Japan           | Ralph Moller   | Br. M. & Co.    | Br. M. & Co.    |
| June 28 | Liverpool       | Prism          | Br. M. & Co.    | Br. M. & Co.    |
| June 29 | River ports     | Chingchow      | Chl.            | Br. M. & Co.    |
| June 30 | Tientsin        | Senan Maru     | Jap.            | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 2  | River ports     | Meinan         | Am.             | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 2  | Hongkong        | Choyang        | Br. J. M. & Co. | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 3  | Foochow         | Hwahshin       | Chl.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 3  | Hankow          | Hsin           | Chl.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 3  | Liverpool       | Lindsay Moller | Br. M. & Co.    | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 4  | Hongkong        | Neleus         | Br. M. & Co.    | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 4  | Swatow          | Sinkiang       | Br. M. & Co.    | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 4  | Chinwangtao     | Wong           | Br. J. M. & Co. | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 5  | Japan           | Chikugo Maru   | Jap.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 5  | Antung          | Kiangwah       | Chl.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 5  | River ports     | Wenchow        | Br. M. & Co.    | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 5  | River ports     | Kutwo          | Br. J. M. & Co. | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 5  | .....           | Goyo Maru      | Jap.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 6  | Tientsin        | Taihu          | Chl.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 6  | River ports     | Shantung       | Br. M. & Co.    | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 6  | River ports     | Yunnan         | Br. M. & Co.    | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 6  | Japan           | Tokai Maru     | Jap.            | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 6  | Chinwangtao     | Hachiro Maru   | Jap.            | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 6  | River ports     | Xinghai        | Br. M. & Co.    | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 6  | River ports     | Tukwo          | Br. J. M. & Co. | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 6  | River ports     | Yohyang Maru   | Jap.            | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 6  | Hongkong        | Suiyang        | Br. M. & Co.    | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 7  | Tientsin, ports | Toku Maru      | Jap.            | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 7  | Hankow          | Hsinming       | Chl.            | Br. M. & Co.    |
| July 7  | Chinwangtao     | Tseung         | Br. J. M. & Co. | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 7  | .....           | Kiangping      | Br. J. M. & Co. | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 7  | .....           | Sakaki Maru    | Jap.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 7  | Hongkong        | Kentucky       | Br. J. M. & Co. | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 7  | Tientsin        | Yokohama Maru  | Jap.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 7  | Japan           | Wakanos Maru   | Jap.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 7  | River ports     | Ningshao       | Chl.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 7  | River ports     | Wuchang        | Chl.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 7  | River ports     | Hainan         | Chl.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 7  | River ports     | Suiyang Maru   | Jap.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 7  | Wenchow         | Kwanchi        | Chl.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 7  | .....           | Mikuni Maru    | Jap.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |
| July 7  | Japan           | Toku Maru      | Jap.            | Br. J. M. & Co. |

# O. S. K.

## OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA

### (Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)

#### Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

#### SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

#### (Subject to Alteration)

FOR LONDON (via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Port Said, Marseilles and Antwerp).

| Tons                      | Capt.        | Arrive | Leave  |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------|--------|
| *AMAZON MARU ..... 18,000 | A. Kobayashi | Aug. 2 | Aug. 6 |
| ALTAI MARU ..... 18,000   | D. Fuchigami | August | August |

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.

In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

| Tons                      | Capt.        | Arrive  | Leave   |
|---------------------------|--------------|---------|---------|
| *ARABIA MARU ..... 18,000 | T. Saito     | July 19 | July 20 |
| *MANILA MARU ..... 20,000 | N. Kobayashi | July 23 | July 24 |

FOR HONGKONG

| Tons | Capt. | Arrive | Leave |
|------|-------|--------|-------|
|------|-------|--------|-------|



# SHIPPING

## N. Y. K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government  
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI  
(Subject to Alteration)

**EUROPEAN LINE**  
For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, and England:

MISHIMA MARU ..... 16,000 Capt. K. Itano, July 12  
SADO MARU ..... 12,500 Capt. T. Hori, July 21

**AMERICAN LINE**  
Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

KATORI MARU ..... 19,000 Capt. E. Terasawa, July 23  
SAWA MARU ..... 22,000 Capt. R. Shimidzu, Aug. 10

**SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE** (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

CHIKUGO MARU ..... 5,500 Capt. N. Taniguchi, July 8  
KASUGA MARU ..... 5,500 Capt. S. Saito, July 15  
YAMASHIRO MARU ..... 7,000 Capt. J. Nakajima, July 23

**MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE**

OMI MARU ..... 7,000 Capt. S. Murazumi, July 9  
KUMANO MARU ..... 5,500 Capt. S. Saito, July 12  
TAKESHIMA MARU ..... 4,000 Capt. R. Arakida, July 16  
YAWATA MARU ..... 7,000 Capt. H. Nojiri, July 19

**FOR JAPAN**

INABA MARU ..... 12,500 Capt. U. Tanaka, July 15

**FOR HONGKONG**

KASHIMA MARU ..... 19,000 Capt. M. Nishida, Aug. 8

**FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG**

SUWA MARU ..... 31,000 Capt. R. Shimidzu, July 16

**AUSTRALIAN LINE**  
Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

NIKKO MARU ..... 14,000 Capt. G. Yamazaki, July 23  
AKI MARU ..... 12,500 Capt. F. C. Cope, August 20  
TANGO MARU ..... 14,000 Capt. M. Shimidzu, Sept. 24

**CELESTIAL LINE**  
Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

**BOMBAY LINE**  
Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to  
T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

### Victim Of Attack By Soldier Bandits Arrives At Kirin

Relief Worker In Manchuria  
Makes Long, Painful Trip  
After Robbers' Assault

(China Press Correspondence)

Kirin, Manchuria, July 2.—Further details regarding the assault upon Mr. Joseph Bailie, British philanthropic worker engaged in relief work for Tientsin flood victims, are now available. Mr. Bailie having accomplished the 300-li journey from Chinglu to Kirin, walking much of the distance and riding part way, in an improvised chair. A physician's examination shows that he had one rib broken and is badly bruised as the result of the soldier-bandits' attack.

Mr. Bailie, who was released by the Nanking University for the purpose, has been engaged for the past two years in trying to establish a colony for the Tientsin flood sufferers at Chinglu, on unoccupied farmlands about 100 miles east of Kirin. He had suffered molestation at the hands of the soldiers, who are as bad as the robbers, on many occasions and carriages and ponies have been commandeered without compensation. On a recent occasion a squad of soldiers entered the inn at which Mr. Bailie was stopping and tried to defraud the innkeeper. When Mr. Bailie came to the rescue the leader of the squad ordered his men to shoot him and it was only when an old Chinese gentleman threw himself before the intended victim that his life was spared. He was then compelled to sign a paper stating that he would not report the matter.

The latest attack on Mr. Bailie was not unexpected. Several days previously he was sowing seed on a tract of land at Paitaiyang, 12 li from Chinglu, when a Chinese friend came into the field and, pointing to a cabin over among the hills, told him that there were twenty soldiers at that place awaiting their opportunity to assault him. The Chinese warned him not to return to the field. Several days after this Mr. Bailie had just finished his lunch and was sitting down to write some letters when the door was pushed open and

the soldiers entered and told him to hand over his money, striking at him at the same time with their rifle barrels. He proceeded to hand over the money as quickly as possible, warding off the blows with his hand. He was then compelled to open a trunk and it was while his back was turned that he received his worst injuries. After he had handed over his money he was taken into another room while one of the thieves searched his belongings. In this room he found six or seven of his own men lying trembling on their backs with their hands over their eyes to signify to the robbers that they had seen nothing. The soldiers carried ropes and it is believed that the only reason Mr. Bailie was not carried off was the fact that he had not reported the previous outrage. He was forced to say that he would not report this attack either.

When Mr. Bailie had completed his long and painful journey to Kirin, he was examined by Dr. J. A. Grier, who found four very bad bruises and one broken rib while the victim was suffering greatly, of course, from nervous shock.

Two weeks before the assault Mr. Bailie had requested the local magistrate to furnish a bodyguard but it was never sent. However, this is not considered strange as the chief army officer of that district is a notorious "hute" who was taken into the army to keep him "quiet."

### Rubber Prices

Messrs. R. N. Truman and Co. have received the following telegraphic report from their Singapore Agents in connection with the last weekly report auctions held on July 2:

Average price realized:

No. 1 Smoked Sheet—\$0.66½ per pound equivalent to 18.7d. ex warehouse Singapore.

No. 1 Crepe—\$0.66½ per pound equivalent to 18.7d. ex warehouse Singapore.

Market steady, offered 1,058 tons, sold 882 tons.

Messrs. Meyer and Messer, Singapore, report that the auctions last week showed prices of 65 cents to 67 cents for Pale Crepe and 65½ cents to 68 cents for Smoked Sheet, the tendency of the market being unsettled.

### Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

| Date     | Time | Destination   | Ship's Name     | Flag | Agents       |
|----------|------|---------------|-----------------|------|--------------|
| July 8   | —    | New York      | Euryades        | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 12  | —    | Vancouver     | E. of Russia    | Br.  | C.P.O.S.     |
| July 13  | —    | San Francisco | West Sequana    | Am.  | P.M.S.S. Co. |
| July 19  | —    | Seattle, etc. | West Munham     | Am.  | R. D. Co.    |
| July 19  | —    | San Francisco | Ecuador         | Am.  | P.M.S.S. Co. |
| July 20  | —    | San Francisco | Cardareta       | Am.  | R. D. Co.    |
| July 20  | —    | San Francisco | Stanley Dollar  | Br.  | R. D. Co.    |
| July 23  | —    | Seattle, etc. | Katori Maru     | Jap. | N. Y. K.     |
| July 23  | —    | San Francisco | Tinyo Maru      | Jap. | B. & S.      |
| July 24  | —    | Vancouver     | Bessie Dollar   | Br.  | R. D. Co.    |
| July 25  | —    | Vancouver     | Monteagle       | Br.  | C.P.O.S.     |
| Aug. 2   | —    | San Francisco | Siberia Maru    | Jap. | N.K.K.       |
| Aug. 2   | —    | Vancouver     | E. of Asia      | Br.  | C.P.O.S.     |
| Aug. 10  | —    | Seattle, etc. | Suway Maru      | Jap. | N.Y.K.       |
| Aug. 16  | —    | San Francisco | Colombia        | Am.  | P.M.S.S. Co. |
| Aug. 16  | —    | San Francisco | Shinyo Maru     | Jap. | T.K.K.       |
| Aug. 12  | —    | San Francisco | Nanking         | Am.  | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| Aug. 27  | —    | Vancouver     | Melville Dollar | Br.  | R. D. & Co.  |
| Aug. 28  | —    | San Francisco | Tancred         | Am.  | R. D. Co.    |
| Sept. 9  | —    | San Francisco | West Conab      | Am.  | P.M.S.S. Co. |
| Sept. 13 | —    | San Francisco | Korea Maru      | Jap. | T.K.K.       |
| Sept. 14 | —    | San Francisco | Venezuela       | Am.  | P.M.S.S. Co. |
| Sept. —  | —    | San Francisco | China           | Am.  | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| Sept. —  | —    | San Francisco | West Vaca       | Am.  | P.M.S.S. Co. |

FOR JAPAN PORTS

|         |   |                      |                |      |          |
|---------|---|----------------------|----------------|------|----------|
| July 8  | — | Nagasaki, Kobe, Yama | Chikugo Maru   | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| July 9  | — | Moji, Kobe & Osaka   | Omi Maru       | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| July 12 | — | Moji, Kobe & Osaka   | Kumano Maru    | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| July 15 | — | Kobe                 | Inaba Maru     | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| July 15 | — | Nagasaki, Kobe, Yama | Kasuga Maru    | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| July 16 | — | Moji, Kobe & Osaka   | Takeshima Maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| July 19 | — | Moji, Kobe & Osaka   | Yawata Maru    | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| July 23 | — | Nagasaki, Kobe, Yama | Yamashiro Maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

|         |   |           |              |      |              |
|---------|---|-----------|--------------|------|--------------|
| July 12 | — | London    | Altai Maru   | Jap. | O. S. K.     |
| July 12 | — | London    | Mishima Maru | Jap. | N. Y. K.     |
| July 17 | — | Liverpool | Nora         | Br.  | M. M. Co.    |
| July 17 | — | Liverpool | Tydeus       | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 18 | — | Bombay    | Dilwara      | Br.  | P.O.S.N. Co. |
| July 20 | — | London    | Priam        | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 20 | — | London    | Glenary      | Br.  | G. L. E. A.  |
| July 21 | — | London    | Awa Maru     | Jap. | N. Y. K.     |
| July 21 | — | London    | Sado Maru    | Jap. | N. Y. K.     |
| July 21 | — | London    | Pembrokehire | Br.  | G. L. E. A.  |
| July 21 | — | London    | Helena       | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 21 | — | London    | Neleus       | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 21 | — | London    | Kansas       | Am.  | J. M. & Co.  |
| July 21 | — | London    | Kentucky     | Am.  | J. M. & Co.  |
| July 21 | — | Liverpool | Deucalion    | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| Aug. 17 | — | London    | Nagoya       | Br.  | P.O.S.N. Co. |

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

|         |       |                     |               |      |              |
|---------|-------|---------------------|---------------|------|--------------|
| July 8  | M.N.  | Wenchow             | Kwangchi      | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| July 8  | D.L.  | S'ow, H'kong, C'ton | Choyang       | Br.  | J. M. & Co.  |
| July 8  | 10.00 | Hongkong & Canton   | Sinkiang      | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 8  | 5.30  | Ningpo              | Kiangteen     | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| July 9  | —     | Chefoo              | Hsien         | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| July 9  | —     | Hongkong & Canton   | Taihuin       | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| July 9  | 5.30  | Ningpo              | Hsin Ningshao | Chl. | B. & S.      |
| July 9  | 5.30  | Ningpo              | Hsin Ningshao | Chl. | N.S.S. Co.   |
| July 10 | 9.00  | H'kong, Canton      | Suyang        | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 16 | —     | Hongkong & Manila   | Sawa Maru     | Jap. | N. Y. K.     |
| July 20 | —     | Hongkong            | Monteagle     | Br.  | C.P.O.S.     |
| July 25 | —     | Manila & Hongkong   | E. of Asia    | Br.  | C.P.O.S.     |
| July 26 | —     | Manila & Hongkong   | Colombia      | Am.  | P.M.S.S. Co. |

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

|         |       |                     |               |      |              |
|---------|-------|---------------------|---------------|------|--------------|
| July 8  | —     | Dairen and Tsingtau | Sakaki Maru   | Jap. | S.M.R.       |
| July 8  | 3.00  | W'wei, C'foo, T'sin | Shuntan       | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 8  | —     | Chefoo & Tientsin   | Hsinming      | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| July 8  | —     | Tientsin            | Yekishin Maru | Jap. | S.M.R.       |
| July 8  | 8.00  | W'wei, C'foo, T'sin | Kingsing      | Br.  | J. M. & Co.  |
| July 9  | —     | Chefoo & Tientsin   | Hsinming      | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| July 9  | 9.00  | Tientsin            | Yunnan        | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 10 | 9.00  | Antung              | Kwelling      | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 10 | 10.00 | W'wei, C'foo, T'sin | Shengking     | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 12 | noon  | W'wei, C'foo, T'sin | Yingchow      | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 12 | 10.00 | Dairen              | Fengting      | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 12 | 10.00 | Dairen              | Kobe Maru     | Jap. | S.M.R.       |

FOR RIVER PORTS

|         |      |              |              |      |              |
|---------|------|--------------|--------------|------|--------------|
| July 8  | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Ngankin      | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 8  | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Singyang     | Jap. | N.K.K.       |
| July 8  | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Tuckwo       | Br.  | J. M. & Co.  |
| July 9  | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Kiangfoo     | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| July 9  | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Wuchang      | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 9  | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Tachang Maru | Jap. | N.K.K.       |
| July 10 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Kiangshin    | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| July 10 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Tatung       | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 11 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Tafoo Maru   | Jap. | N.K.K.       |
| July 11 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Luanyi       | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 11 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Hwahlee      | Chl. | J. M. & Co.  |
| July 12 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Woosung      | Br.  | B. & S.      |
| July 13 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Hwahlee      | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. |

\*A.M.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

### Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Kiangshin left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The I-C s.s. Hwahlee (chartered) left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The C.M. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The C.N. s.s. Fengting left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Sunday.

The Glen Line M.V. Glenary, from London, left Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Saturday.

The I-C s.s. Teihshing left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Luanyi left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Hwahlee will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru arrived in Shanghai from Dairen last morning and will sail for the same port at Tientsin this morning at eight o'clock.

The I-C s.s. Lanchow will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The P. and O. s.s. Dilwara, which left Bombay on June 22, is expected to arrive at Hongkong tomorrow and will sail for Shanghai on Thursday.

The M.M. s.s. Japan is scheduled to sail from Yokohama for Calcutta via Kobe, Moji, Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Rangoon today.

### Launch Services

Friday, July 11, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.P. s.s. Simbirsk will leave the Customs Jetty at 3 p.m.

Saturday, July 12, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 10 a.m.

Tuesday, July 15, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 12 noon.

Wednesday, July 16, 1919.

The tender Whangpoo conveying passengers and mails on board the M.M. s.s. Nera will leave the M.M. Jetty (French Bund) at 10 a.m.

## CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS TIENSIN-PUKOW LINE TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

March 15th, 1919, and until further notice

| Mail                         | Mail                         | Miles                        | Peking-Mukden Line           | Mail                         | Local                        |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 101.                         | 3.                           | 0                            | dep. Peking                  | 19.50                        | 19.50                        |
| 20.35                        | 8.35                         | 84                           | arr. Tientsin-Central        | 17.00                        | 17.00                        |
| 22.45                        | 11.12                        | 84                           | dep. Tientsin-Central        | 16.53                        | 16.53                        |
| 23.50                        | 11.17                        | 84                           | arr. Tientsin-East           | 16.45                        | 16.45                        |
| 24.00                        | 11.25                        | 524                          | dep. Tientsin-East           | 16.45                        | 16.45                        |
| 19.35                        | —                            | —                            | arr. Tientsin-East           | 16.45                        | 16.45                        |
| Local                        | Mail                         | Exp.                         | Tientsin-Pukow Line          | Exp.                         | Mail                         |
| 6.45                         | 9.45                         | 11.30                        | 0                            | 17.05                        | 15.45                        |
| 6.55                         | 9.55                         | 11.40                        | 2.71                         | 16.55                        | 15.35                        |
| 7.25                         | 10.15                        | 11.55                        | 7.8                          | 16.31                        | 15.20                        |
| 13.02                        | 16.30                        | 18.30                        | 7.8                          | 16.06                        | 15.05                        |
| 16.40                        | 19.20                        | 19.08                        | 14.8                         | 15.06                        | 14.28                        |
| 19.57                        | 22.12                        | 20.21                        | —                            | 10.32                        | 8.47                         |
| 7                            | —                            | 220                          | —                            | 8.06                         | 6.00                         |
| 6.00                         | 22.25                        | 20.31                        | —                            | 7.56                         | 5.40                         |
| 9.27                         | 1.00                         | 22.31                        | 206                          | 6.01                         | 3.25                         |
| 12.27                        | 3.47                         | 0.38                         | 318                          | 5.49                         | 0.40                         |
| 12.47                        | 4.02                         | 0.48                         | —                            | 5.39                         | 0.30                         |
| 16.30                        | 6.55                         | 8.16                         | 377                          | 5.20                         | 0.22                         |
| 19.02                        | 9.45                         | 4.50                         | —                            | 5.20                         | 0.22                         |
| 9                            | —                            | 430                          | —                            | 5.20                         | 0.22                         |
| 5.40                         | 9.00                         | 4.57                         | —                            | 5.20                         | 0.22                         |
| 11.25                        | 18.02                        | 8.33                         | 523                          | 19.53                        | 14.55                        |
| 11.51                        | 18.20                        | 8.40                         | —                            | 19.46                        | 14.35                        |
| 18.27                        | 17.34                        | 11.52                        | 600                          | 16.48                        | 10.50                        |
| 20.08                        | 18.55                        | 12.00                        | 581                          | 16.30                        | 9.20                         |
| Exp.                         | Exp.                         | Exp.                         | Shanghai-Hankow Line         | Exp.                         | Exp.                         |
| 23.00                        | 14.30                        | 0                            | —                            | 14.15                        | 6.50                         |
| 7.00                         | 21.00                        | 193                          | —                            | 7.55                         | 23.00                        |
| Yenchow-Tientsin Branch Line | Yenchow-Tientsin Branch Line | Yenchow-Tientsin Branch Line | Yenchow-Tientsin Branch Line | Yenchow-Tientsin Branch Line | Yenchow-Tientsin Branch Line |
| 13.10                        | 4.10                         | 4. Tientsin                  | 12.08                        | 23.53                        | 21.30                        |
| 14.43                        | 5.05                         | 4. Tientsin                  | 11.15                        | 23.58                        | 22.40                        |
| 15.10                        | 5.30                         | 4. Tientsin                  | 10.40                        | 24.00                        | 23.10                        |
| 15.15                        | 5.35                         | 4. Tientsin                  | 10.45                        | 24.05                        | 23.15                        |
| 15.20                        | 5.40                         | 4. Tientsin                  | 10.50                        | 24.10                        | 23.20                        |
| 15.25                        | 5.45                         | 4. Tientsin                  | 10.55                        | 24.15                        | 23.25                        |
| 15.30                        | 5.50                         | 4. Tientsin                  | 11.00                        | 24.20                        | 23.30                        |
| 15.35                        | 5.55                         | 4. Tientsin                  | 11.05                        | 24.25                        | 23.35                        |
| 15.40                        | 6.00                         | 4. Tientsin                  | 11.10                        | 24.30                        | 23.40                        |
| 15.45                        | 6.05                         | 4. Tientsin                  | 11.15                        | 24.35                        | 23.45                        |
| 15.50                        | 6.10                         | 4. Tientsin                  | 11.20                        | 24.40                        | 23.50                        |
| 15.55                        | 6.15                         | 4. Tientsin                  | 11.25                        | 24.45                        | 23.55                        |
| 16.00                        | 6.20                         | 4. Tientsin                  | 11.30                        | 24.50                        | 24.00                        |
| 16.05                        | 6.25                         | 4. Tientsin                  | 11.35                        | 24.55                        | 24.05                        |



## AMUSEMENTS

## Victoria Theatre Olympic Theatre

Complete New  
PROGRAMMEfor  
July 8th, 9th and 10th  
Showing"The Cave Man"  
Five PartsFriday, July 11th  
"WOMAN"Seven Parts  
with  
Special MusicNew  
PROGRAMMEfor  
July 8th, 9th and 10th  
Showing"THE TURN  
of the  
ROAD"A SPECIAL VITAGRAPH BLUE  
RIBBON FEATURE IF FIVE  
PARTS

## APOLLO THEATRE

TUESDAY, JULY 8th and 9th

PEARL WHITE

The Fearless, Peerless Serial Queen

Pathe's  
American  
Gazette  
Always a  
welcome film.

IN

"Ambrose's  
Cup of Woe"  
One of Mack Sennett's  
comedies—500  
feet of yells.

The greatest Pathe serial yet shown in Shanghai

"THE LIGHTNING RAIDER"

Episode 5—"The Brass Key" Episode 6—"The Mystic Box"  
Come in and see Pearl daring death.THE  
TROCADERO

"THE TROC"

No. 14 ASTOR ROAD

(opposite Astor House Hotel)

Entirely under Foreign direction

A  
High-Class  
CAFE

Short Orders a Specialty.

JACK RAYNES

DOMINION DELEGATES  
THANKED BY COMMONSLloyd George Praises Work of  
Several in Peace Con-  
ference Commissions

(Reuter's Service)  
London, July 8.—In the House of Commons today the Premier, in the course of the tribute he rendered to the representatives of the Dominions, mentioned the names of Sir Robert Borden, Premier of Canada; Mr. W. M. Hughes, Premier of Australia; Mr. W. F. Massey, Premier of New Zealand; and General Louis Botha, Premier of the Union of South Africa, who had participated on some of the most difficult commissions, notably the Territorial Commissions for adjusting the extraordinarily delicate and complex ethical, economic and strategic questions which had arisen. He said we owed a great deal to the ability and judgment with which they had discharged their functions.

Mr. Lloyd George also paid a tribute to the great body of experts who had helped on innumerable commissions and whose work had been the admiration of the foreign delegations.

Shanghai College  
Publishes Annual

The Shanghai Baptist College annual, "Liber Shanghaiensis," published by the senior class of the institution, has been dedicated to the Reverend R. T. Bryan, D. D., and the Reverend J. T. Proctor, D. D., the founders of the college.

The volume follows the style of annuals published in colleges of the United States and presents all phases of college activity. It is profusely illustrated with photographs and cartoons and is remarkably well compiled.

The staff in charge of the publication of "Liber Shanghaiensis" includes Mr. Dju Boh-tuen, editor in chief; Mr. Hsiao Yuan-en, business manager; Mr. Yih Koh-dah, art editor; and Messrs. Ho Shen-peng, Tong Chen-yu, Deng Fung-hen, Li Ching-biao, Su Ming-mao, Dju Fuh-kong, Wu Tse-tien, Chen Yung-chi, Fang Tung-yuan, Tsai Chou-chang, Gling Shen, Kwang Tsao-dung, Chen Gih-hen and Dju Chung-ching.

## Amusements

## St. George's Garden

Bubbling Well Road

TONIGHT

## Open Air Cinema Show

## "THE MAN INSIDE"

5 Parts Drama

PATHE'S GAZETTE  
and other New FilmsMALINI'S  
FAREWELLAstor House  
Ball RoomWednesday, July 9th  
at 9.30 p.m.

Booking at Astor House

## FAREWELL!

## ISIS THEATRE

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,  
8th, 9th and 10th July  
8.30 to 10.30 p.m.NEW MASTER-SERIAL  
Featuring a Famous Star.1st and 2nd Episodes  
and  
TRIANGLE COMEDIES

From 10.30 to 12.30 p.m.

PERFORMANCE BY  
CHINESE ARTISTSStalls and Dress Circle, 50 Cents  
Box Seats 70 Cents

## Business and Official Notices

(Continued from Page 7)

## NOTICE

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation invite tenders for the purchase of the property situate in the International Settlement and known and registered at H.B.M. Consulate-General at Shanghai as B.C. Lot 9720.

The property, which was lately occupied by Siemens and Co., has an area of 2 mow, 9 fun, 0 li, 4 hao and is situated at the corner of Peking Road and The Bund.

Tenders in writing should be addressed to the Manager of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation so as to reach him not later than 31st July, 1919, and must be so framed as to remain open for acceptance on or before 15th August, 1919.

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation are not bound to accept the highest or any tender received.

24123

Bukit Toh Alang Rubber  
Estates, Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ninth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held at the Head Office, No. 71 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, on Thursday, the 10th day of July, 1919, at 4.30 p.m., for presentation of the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 1919.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Monday, 7th, to Thursday, 10th July, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

HUGO REISS & CO.,  
Secretaries and General Managers.  
Shanghai, 26th June, 1919.

24154

## Prof. J. K. Seto

Turkish Bath and Massage  
Establishment  
25 N. Szechuen Road, Shanghai.  
Tel. North 2768

## Removal Notice

We have removed from 127  
Peking Road

to

450-1-2-3 Wei Hai Wei Road  
HWA VENG  
CARPET FACTORY

Dr. E. G. Lobzowsky  
DENTIST

Four Years' Practice in  
New York.

Plate, Crown, Bridgework,  
Gold and Porcelain Inlay.

No. 3 G. Peking Road

## Szechwan Grass Cloth

Just sufficient for your wants. Ideal  
for the summer months.

We supply it:

ONE PRICE  
ONE ROLL  
ONE QUALITY  
ONE COLOUR  
ONE LENGTH  
ONE WIDTH.

Price, Prepaid \$7.50 per roll.  
Postage and Duty Free.

WIDLER AND COMPANY  
Chungking, West China

## Municipal Notification

No. 2692.

7% LOAN 1919  
Price of issue until further notice  
95 per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution V passed at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders on April 9, 1919, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1919.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 95 per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1929.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer, Finance Department, 24B Kiangnan Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,  
N. O. LIDDELL,  
Secretary.

Council Room,  
Shanghai, April 12, 1919.

24248

## SPECIALIST

(Can Speak English Well)  
Surgical and Venereal Diseases  
Men's and Women's Diseases  
X Ray and Diathermy are better for nervous diseases (especially rheumatism, nervous weakness, impotence) and skin diseases.  
Injections of all kinds of vaccine, serums and 1914 (605). Tests of blood.

(Japanese) Dr. WATANABE,  
A.M., M.D.  
21 Haining Road (5th house from North Szechuen Road).  
Tel. North 2379.

17846

## Dr. med. F. T. Kiang

Physician and Surgeon

Formerly Assistant at the Surgical  
University Clinic of Berlin

Specialist in venereal diseases.  
Office: 85 Szechuen Road.

Consultation Hours: 2-4 p.m.  
Telephone: No. C. 3844.

## HONMA HOSPITAL

No. 8a Miller Road. Tel. N. 2941

DR. K. HONMA  
(former Assistant at the  
Imperial University  
at Fukuoka.)  
Women's Diseases  
Confinement, Surgery  
X-Ray and Diathermy  
Examination with Uretroscope  
Skin Diseases  
Massage Treatment

The Shanghai  
Chemical  
Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

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Carry a Gold  
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## T. Ichiki &amp; Co.

Phone North 2421.

Dealer in

Musical Instruments and Music.  
T. 88, North Szechuen Road.

## MOTOR BOATS

For Business or Pleasure.  
A number of Fast and Medium speed  
Motor Boats, Motor Tor Boat and a  
large Houseboat for sale.  
Apply to  
WRIGHT & BELYEA,  
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22240

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Tourist, Steamship and Forwarding Agents, Bankers, etc.

Official Passenger Agents to the  
Philippine Government

Railway and Steamship Tickets supplied at Tariff Rates.  
Letters of Credit and Circular Notes Issued and Cash.  
Baggage collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.

Cook's "Far Eastern Traveller's Gazette," containing Sailings and  
Fares from the Far East to all parts of the World, will be forwarded  
free on application.

Tel. Address: "Coupon" THOS. COOK & SON  
Telephone Nos. 2203 & 2204 Russo-Asiatic Bank Building, Shanghai  
Also Hongkong, Peking, Yokohama, Manila  
Chief Office: Ludgate Circus, London, E.C.

## O.V.B.

At all  
CLUBS, HOTELS and BARS  
GANDE, PRICE & CO.,  
Agents

The Ault & Wiborg  
(Shanghai) Co.

Manufacturers of:

LETTER PRESS INKS  
LITHO INKS  
OFFSET INKS  
LITHO SUPPLIES  
BRONZE POWDERS  
CARBON PAPERS  
TYPEWRITER RIBBONS  
ANILINE DYES  
DRY COLOURS  
CARBON BLACKS

Agents for:

MIEHLE PRESSES  
SCOTT OFFSET PRESSES  
SCOTT NEWS PRESSES  
SCOTT LITHO PRESSES  
U.P.M. BRONZING MACHINES  
SEYBOLD PAPER CUTTERS  
SEYBOLD EMBOSSEERS  
CHAMPION PAPER CO.  
DIEM & WING PAPER CO.

37 Canton Road, Shanghai.

Opening July 1st at 19 Ice House St., Hongkong

THE  
NATIONAL OPTICAL CO.  
69 Nanking Road  
(Near Hong Road)

REFRACTING  
&  
MANUFACTURING  
OPTICIANS



## ATTENTION

[All That You Want

in your office during leisure moments, or after a meal,  
is to enjoy a good cigarette.

But the only way to get a genuine Egyptian hand-made  
cigarette is to insist on getting our

## K. &amp; G. Melkonian's Cigarettes

from Cairo, Egypt, newly received by parcels post. These  
cigarettes are carefully blended with "Xanthie-and-Cavalla"  
tobacco-leaves and thus are fully equal to the high-class brand  
"Tatly-Sert" of the Regie-Ottoman.

Put up in three distinctive brands:

"Amon-Re," "Horus" and "Prince"

Distributors:

[Tabaqueria-Filipina]

I. Shainin &amp; Co.

and

Lane, Crawford &amp; Co., Ltd.

Outport orders

solicited and promptly ex-  
ecuted to any Summer Resort  
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Sole Agent for China  
21 Whangpoo Road